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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....JUNE 21, 1894.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

All the North Carolina members of Congress except Settle voted for the repeal of the 10 per cent Bank tax.

It is said that vice president Stevenson will attend the battle ground celebration at Guilford court house, July 4th.

The United States allowance to the North Carolina Naval Militia this year is $1,653. It is based on the number of men reported.

The State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Hon. John C. Scarborough, has selected Tuesday, June 26th, as the date for a general meeting of all county Superintendents in the State at Morehead City, during the session of the Teachers' Assembly.

The average number of working days in a year in various countries is as follows: In Russia 267, in England 278, in Spain 290, in Austria 295, in Italy 298, in Bavaria and Belgium 300, in Saxony and France 302, in Denmark, Norway and Switzerland 303, in Prussia 305, in Holland and North America 308, and in Hungary 312.

Bradstreet's says: The practical arrival of the midsummer season and the usual slackening of business, extreme heat and need of rain in Northeastern and Southeastern States, continued uncertainty as to the tariff preventing merchants from anticipating demands next fall, together with the large number of idle wage-earners in industrial, mining and other lines, all combine to produce dulness in business.

The seizure of an immense quantity of war munitions and military accoutrements, says a despatch from Moscow, stolen from Government depots in a village in the Southern Caucasus, has revealed a plan of rebellion aiming at Caucasian independence. In view of the difficulty of transporting troops to that region and the dissatisfaction of the peasantry the Government will immediately begin the construction of a railroad tunnel through the Caucasian mountain chain.

The Mexican Coffee, Cotton and Colonization Company, which has its headquarters in San Antonia, Tex., has on hand a scheme for a vast colony of negroes in northern Mexico. It is reported to have just closed a trade for 2,500,000 acres of land, lying along the Rio Grande, in the states of Coahulla and Chihuahua, with ex-Governor Gonzales, of Chihuahua, and it proposes on a part of this to colonize 10,000 negroes. The scheme involves large agricultural operations, for which the negroes are expected to furnish the labor, and the company, presumably, expects to absorb the lion's share of the profit.

The Richmond and Danville railroad was sold Friday under a decree of the United States Circuit court, to Messrs. C. H. Coster and A. J. Thomas, a purchasing committee of the Drexel, Morgan & Co. reorganization committee. Their bid was $2,030,000. The foreclosure and sale were under the third mortgage and subject to the gold debenture and equipment mortgage. The sale was immediately confirmed by the court, and this act constituted the reorganization committee a corporation under a charter granted by the last Legislature. The committee met there Monday and reorganized the road, giving it the name of the Southern Railway company.

The Board of Managers of the New York Cotton Exchange recently adopted a resolution notifying all concerned that cotton covered with pine straw bagging is objectionable, for the reason that it deteriorates, by staining, the cotton covered by it in the event of its becoming damp or wet, entailing either rejection by the buyer, or expense and loss of handling, picking and recovering by the owner; and further that any cotton covered with such pine straw bagging, arriving in New York on and after September 1st, 1894, shall be deemed unmerchantable and not a good delivery upon any contract, either for future delivery or on spot, unless stripped, picked and recovered with jute bagging. All the Cotton Exchanges in the South have been notified of this action.

In the woman suffrage agitation now going on all over the country and especially in New York, the dominant note in all this clamor is the cry for justice. The best reply, says the Charlotte Democrat, is the offer of a correspondent of the New York Sun: "To give to woman all the justice she seeks and more—absolute, stern, masculine justice. Eliminate sex, then, entirely from the Constitution. If she must vote, let her stand wholly equal with man. Abolish the right of dower, responsibility of the husband for the debts of the wife, take away her present right to alimony and counsel fees, abolish all sex legislation, and let her fight from the masculine point for breach of promise of marriage, betrayal, and all that long list of actions in which the law now favors women. Give her all the justice she asks, full measure, heaped up, and running over."

Assistant Secretary Reynolds, of the Interior Department, has rendered an important decision which is far reaching in its effect and will involve the immediate cancellation of thousands of pension certificates issued under a ruling of the last administration. He holds, says a press dispatch, that where a claimant for a pension has deserted from his first service and enlisted in another and different organization and the War Department refuses to remove the charge of desertion or recognize the legality of the second service, but holds him to be in a continuous state of desertion, that department has exclusive jurisdiction of the correction of its own records and the legality of the soldier's services and until the charge of desertion is removed by the War Department the claimant has no pensionable status. This ruling is a return to the old and well settled practice of the department in the adjudication of pension claims and is a reversal of the decision of the late Assistant Secretary, in which he held that a formal discharge of the second service terminates the status of desertion and places the soldier, regardless of the record, in the attitude of eligible claimant for a pension. While the money paid those persons on certificates under the ruling of the last administration cannot be recovered, the action of Judge Reynolds will have the effect of dropping the names of those who have wrongfully been granted pensions.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

Gen. Basil Duke, editor of the Southern Magazine, of Louisville, will stump the Ashland district against Col. Breckinridge, if the latter is nominated for Congress. ——Mr. Havemeyer stated to the Senate committee that the profits of the Sugar trust under the bill now before the Senate would be about one-fourth of those made under the McKinley act. ——The branch office of the Navy Department is hampered by the discharge of several experienced men from the printing office by Mr. Benedict under his reform policy. ——As soon as the Salvadorian Government is fully established the refugees on the Bennington will be delivered up to it. In consideration of possible Hawaiian difficulties, the President does not wish, in this case at La Libertad, to establish a precedent of which Japanese and British men-of-war may take advantage as to granting asylum to Hawaiian refugees. ——The stated treasury balance is $116,007,000, and the gold reserve is $67,950,000. In the last few days the treasury has taken in over $800,000 in gold for small notes, which are now coming into demand. ——The city of Panama was swept by a destructive fire last week. ——Fifty prominent citizens of New York who have investments at the South or trade there, and Southerners living in that city have signed a call for a meeting in New York to-day, of all persons interested in the building up of our section of the country, for discussing the best means of so doing. These men represent $100,000,000. ——The Mohican captured two vessels seal fishing in Behring sea waters. —— The Kansas Prohibitionists nominated a State ticket last week. Mrs. A. Allison is the nominee for Superintendent of Public Instruction. ——The Howard-Harrison Iron company, of Bessemer, Ala., will erect 100 coke ovens. They will run their entire plant by electricity instead of steam. ——The Manufacturers' Record says new industrial enterprises continue to increase at the South. The clearing house returns for last week at the South were 7½ per cent. less than for same week last year, while the decrease in other sections ranged from 15 to 26 per cent. —— "Gen." Coxey has received numerous invitations to lecture in different cities. ——Secretary Carlisle takes the nomination of lighthouse keepers from the collectors of customs and places it with the inspectors of the lighthouse districts, who are naval officers, thus taking these appointments out of politics.—— If the British squadron at Malta is ordered to Gibraltar the French fleet at Toulon will follow and the Russian fleet will hover the Algerian coast. ——Benj. C. Peters, of New York, assistant treasurer of the Central Coal company, of Maryland, absconded with $10,000 of the company's money. He went in company with a young girl, leaving a wife and children. ——Mrs. Minerva Merrick Orchardson, the spiritualist, who has just died, left her estate, valued at from $400,000 to $800,000, to her husband. ——Three young ladies graduated at the Alabama Agricultural and Mechanical college. —— Germany will not act in concert with Spain to prevent civil war in Morocco, but will act with France should occasion arise. ——Lord Chief Justice Coleridge, of England is dead. ——The Ohio miners will hold a State convention on the subject of the recent strike settlement. There is much dissatisfaction manifested.—— In the suburbs of Camden, N. J., a Bavarian named Kaufman, cut the throats of his wife and three children, then hung himself. He was driven to the deed by despondency from failure to get work. ——The State Convention of the People's Party of New Hampshire nominated Geo. D. Epps for Governor. —— In the British House of Commons Friday, Sir Edward Gray stated that the Powers had decided upon concerted action to maintain the *status quo* in Morocco, but had not decided to formally recognize Abdul Asiz as Sultan. In the meantime the war ships would remain and protect the subjects of their respective countries. ——The Pope has appointed Monsignor Browne to be Bishop of the diocese of Cloyne (Queenstown), Ireland. The appointment has greatly incensed the Nationalist party who are furious at the rejection of Canon Keller, who wa imprisoned for refusing to disclose the secrets of the "Plan of Campaign," Canon Keller was selected by the laity of the diocese for the Bishopric and his name was placed at the head of the approved list of candidates. ——The National, State and municipal flags were displayed on the City Hall, New York City, last Friday, in commemoration of the one hundred and seventh anniversary of the adoption of the Stars and Stripes as the national ensign. The Mayor ordered the flags to be hoisted at the request of the State Society of the Sons of the American Revolution. ——Belva Lockwood has been granted license to practice law in the courts of Virginia. ——The body of an unknown negro woman was found in the suburbs of Jacksonville, Fla. She had been stabbed over thirty times and her throat was cut. ——Two hundred miners were killed by fire damp explosions in mines in Austrian Silesia. ——The torpedo boat Ericsson, built at Dubuque, is ready to be tested by the Government. She will probably be delivered at New York and tested in Long Island sound. ——Our consul at Kingston, Jamaica, is to sail on the San Francisco to the island to which most of the wreckage from the Kearsarge was taken, for the purpose of buying what he can of it. ——The Postoffice Appropriation bill, as reported to the Senate carries $87,236,599, which is less than the estimates of post-office receipts for the same year by $2,162,885. Senator Sherman offered an amendment appropriating $100,000 for special mail facilities between Cleveland and Cincinnati and between Cincinnati and Atlanta. ——The members of the Southern Railway and Steamboat association are making slow progress on their work. The rate question is the chief hitch. ——In the Ernstus Wiman case the jury returned a verdict of guilty, with recommendation to mercy. Wiman was taken to the Tombs. Sentence was pronounced yesterday. ——The men who signed the call for a meeting in New York to-day are said to own and represent $100,000,000. —— The Pittsburg district miners have accepted the Columbus compromise and will return to work. Those of the Bellaire, Ohio, section rejected it. —— The cashier of the bank at Blue Hill, Neb., loans himself $3,500 in the absence of the president, and absconds. The bank has gone into liquidation. ——The plague now raging in China displays all symptoms of the bubonic pest which ravaged Europe in the Middle ages.

ANSWER TO THE CONQUERED BANNER.

SARAH A. TILLINGHAST.

"Touch it not, unfold it never
Let it droop there, furled forever,
For its people's hopes are dead."
—The Conquered Banner.

No, fold it not away forever
Keep it in our hearts depths ever,
Love it, keep it for its past;
Take it out sometimes and wave it,
Think of those who died to save it,
Glory in the blood we gave it,
Bind it with our heartstrings fast.
Take it out sometimes and show it,
Let your children early know it,
Know its glory—not its shame.
Teach them early to adore it,
Let them honor those that bore it,
Scorn forever those that tore it,
Tell them how it won a name.
That will mock Time's crumbling finger
And in future ages linger
On the brightest rolls of fame.
Yes 'tis true 'tis worn and tattered
And with brave heart's blood 'tis spattered
And its staff is broke and shattered,
But it is a precious sight.
'Tis a witness how secession
Threw the glove down to oppression
Scorning at the last, concession,
Giving life blood for the right.
Oh we cannot, cannot lose it
In future years we yet may use it,
(Oh how could the world refuse it?)
Can we let the foe abuse it
Or its history bright?
No, in our heart's deep, deep recesses
Its memory lingers yet, and blesses
Those who for it fought and died.
And we pray the God of Heaven
Who our darling idol's given
And who to us this hope has given
This prayer be not denied—
In future years some hand may take it
From its resting place and shake it
O'er the young and brave,
And the old spirit still undaunted
In their young hearts by God implanted
Will triumph o'er foes who vaunted
And freedom to the South be granted,
Though now there's none to save.
Though folded now away so sadly
In future years we'll wave it gladly,
In prosperous paths we'll tread.
And thousands yet unborn shall hail it,
Tens of thousands never fail it,
Forgotten be the men who wail it—
Hated those that now can trail it—
Oh, can our hopes be dead?
—Written at Fayetteville, N. C., 1865-'66

Well Said.

Wilson Advance.]

Some time ago we remember reading a short article in Charity and Children about political epithets. It denounced the habit which some newspapers have of nicknaming and ridiculing political opponents, and advocated courtesy and politeness in the conduct of a political campaign just the same as in ordinary affairs of life.

We have thought that way all along, and have been advocating from the first just that very thing. The sentiment is growing among the newspaper fraternity too. Conservative men have ceased to relish such stuff as some people throw out when speaking of their political adversaries. Courtesy demands that political opponents be spoken of without the employment of discourteous terms.

When Zeb Vance and Judge Settle made the memorable canvass of North Carolina in 1876, they made it on the very best of terms. Many a time they rode to the place appointed in the same buggy, and treated each other as gentlemen should. No harsh names were called, and the very best of feeling prevailed between these two political giants.

But now that day seems to have departed. The good old days when campaigns were conducted without spite, ribaldry, or slander seem to be things of the lamented past, and now the speaker or newspaper that can have the greatest number of little spiteful sayings is considered by many as particularly bright. Marion Butler by a euphonic change becomes Mary Ann Butler; Peffer becomes Whiskeys by the same process of vituperation; Mrs. Lease becomes Old Gal; and many other silly and offensive epithets are indulged in by thoughtless quill drivers. That is unnecessary and unjust. It is unjust to North Carolina journalism, because it is making a name for Democratic editors that the rank and file of them do not deserve.

In our opinion the time has come for such abuse and ridicule to be laid aside. It has had its day, and has long since served its purpose, if it ever had one. The dignity and purity of the press demand that such villifying be discontinued.

It is not a campaign, or crusade, of one race against another; but it is our brother and our neighbor that is opposing us, and he is conscientious in his belief and deserves courtesy from us. Let this be a year of good feeling, a campaign wherein every man shall be considerate to his political foe.

Speedy Locomotives.

Dallas News.]

Much has been said of the new Big Four and other locomotives, but here is one that seems to eclipse everything on this side of the water when everything is considered.

One of the London and Northwestern engines during a race to Scotland in 1888 covered the distance from Preston to Carlisle, 90 miles, in exactly 90 minutes, having a gradient of no less than one in seventy-five to climb between Tebay and Shab Summit. One of the most famous engines of this company is known as the Charles Dickens and runs daily from Manchester to London and back, a distance of 366½ miles. Except when stopped for repairs the Charles Dickens has, since February, 1882, made this journey every day, working up the 8;30 a. m. from Manchester and returning with the 4 p. m. from Euston. On Sept. 12, 1891, it completed the two thousand six hundred and fifty-first trip, having accomplished the extraordinary feat of running 1,000,000 miles in 9 years and 219 days. No other engine in the world has run so many in a like period of time.

Liquor in Sweetmeats.

Norfolk Virginian.]

These are queer times in which we live, and the devices of man are many. Not long since the health authorities of Chicago began and have waged a successful war against the sale of candy containing alcohol. The principal kind of candy most vigirously attacked was brandy drops, which particularly affected school children. An analysis of the innocent little things disclosed the fact that a dozen of them contained as much alcohol as the average morning cocktail with which the confirmed tippler was wont to tickle his palate.

The action of the Chicago authorities has attracted no little attention, and now the New York Health Department has also concluded that brandy drops are not conducive to health, and henceforth the toothsome drops are to be placed under the ban, the police of that city being instructed to prohibit their sale.

Naturally one would suppose that the manufacturers of brandy drops and similar alcoholic confections would look with serious concern upon the order, but on the contrary they are said to be delighted because of the free advertising they have received, and are even enlarging their capacity in order to meet the demands of a growing trade in that direction. Indeed, it is said that in communities where local option and Prohibition have full sway, where the bibulous are compelled to bridle their appetites, the announcement that hereafter the much tabooed "fire water" can be obtained in a solidified form, is hailed with unspeakable delight.

The knowledge that one can carry around in his vest pocket as much as a dozen cocktails solidified in little candy balls fills the heart of the dramster with joy which passeth all understanding. And this is not all. It is said that the candy stores which hitherto have led but a precarious existence need no longer feel the depression of times, for under the new order of things the boy and girl customers will be replaced by grown up men, and where the former purchased a penny's worth the latter's outlay will run up into dollars.

If this thing grows as is predicted, the aforetime gum drop and jujube past of our childhood day so long shelved for lack of demand for that class of goods, will come to the front afresh as mint julip tablets, while caramels once of popular favor will be compressed into cocktail cakes of the most improved order.

Interesting Figures.

Some interesting facts present themselves as to the social condition of the people of the United States in a study of the statistics of the Census Bureau, remarks the Boston Herald. The Census was taken on June 1, 1890, and then out of 32,037,880 male inhabitants of this country the unmarried numbered 19,945,576. The married were 11,205,228, the widowed were 815,437 and the divorced were 49,101. Out of 30,554,370 female inhabitants 17,183,984 were single, 11,126,196 were married, 2,254,615 were widows and 71,805 were divorced. The number of married females is thus much larger than the proportion of married men, and the fact that the proportion of widows is three times as great as the proportion of widowers, and the number of divorced women much larger than the number of divorced men, shows that the men who are widowers and divorced more frequently married again than women in the same condition. Again, it is shown that, by comparing the inhabitants of fifty principal cities with the country at large, the greater proportion of married men are in the cities rather than in the country. This is contrary to expectation, and the percentage of married males in the cities is one per cent. higher than it is on the average in the country. In classifying the divorced persons, it is found that they are most numerous in the western division, and least numerous in Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, the two Carolinas, Georgia and Florida. In Maryland the proportion of marriages is exceptionally high and yet in that State there are three times as many widows as there are widowers. Divorces are more common at the West than in the East. These are a few of the facts that appear in the study of the Census from the point of view of the conjugal relation.

The Man in the Moon.

New York World.]

According to Patorius, the man in the moon is the patriarch Isaac, carrying the bundle of sticks which were to be lighted to sacrifice his own body on the mountain top. Dante believes him to be Cain, carrying a bundle of thorns, the meanest offering his lands afforded, as a present to God. In Iceland the people claim that they can see the face of Adam in the moon and that of Eve in the sun. Among the Frieburgers there is a superstition which says that the marks and spots on the moon's face are the outlines of the traitor, Judas Iscariot, holding his hands over his face while sneezing just prior to hanging himself. This last belief accords with the old Frankish legend which says that there was no spot on Luna's bright face until after the time of the crucifixion of Christ. Still another story tells us that in the time of the creation God threw an offending angel against the face of the moon, while another is to the effect that the moon witnessed the creation of Adam and Eve and took an impress of their features on her surface, intending to people her own land with similar beings. When she essayed to imitate God's work, she made nothing but a serpent, which since that day has continued to fold and unfold its mighty coils in full view of the descendants of the God created beings.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Yokohama and Tokio, Japan.

The Morganton Herald recently published extracts from an interesting letter written by Mr. I. Erwin Avery, from Yokohama, Japan, to his father, Judge A. C. Avery.

The following are the extracts from the letter:

After learning that our boat does not sail until Tuesday, and that we would have five days in which to do nothing, I decided to see something of the city, and in spite of the fact that it was raining, I called my jinrikisha boy Sutoo, and by dint of sundry gestures, conveyed to him the correct idea that I wanted to see all there was to be seen in a day. So I went out in the easy-going, slow sort of fashion that, I think, is the best way to go sight-seeing, with the result that I was able to see a vast deal of Japanese civilization, or the lack of it, if you choose. Speaking broadly, everything here is exactly different from what it is in the United States. To bring out the sharpest contrast it is necessary only to mention briefly the methods of the people, but it is of course unnecessary for me even to do this. What I refer to just here is the appearance of things. The dress of the people, or, to be more correct, the undress of the people; the architecture, the interior of the houses and stores are matters that I have read of frequently, but had no adequate conception of till yesterday. Certainly I will not attempt any description of these, because you have already gained impressions more correct than any words of mine could give.

The wonderful cheapness of things is a never-failing source of surprise to me. Shortly after I arrived yesterday, Chang Chow, the great eastern tailor, had a representative to call on me, who bowed obsequiously and asked permission to show his samples. He did so, and the result was that for 20 yen (10 dollars gold) he sold me a tailor made suit that I couldn't buy in America for thirty dollars. To show you the business-like spirit of these people, this tailor took my order at 11 o'clock, tried my suit on me at 3, and finished it at 8 o'clock this morning; and it fits better than any suit I ever had. Good patent leather shoes cost about $2.50 and will be made in a day or less time if you insist. All the passengers of the steamer "China" are just revelling in the delights of shopping—some of the men buying as many as five or six suits of clothes to start with.

In point of house decoration, China, porcelain and all that, this is a veritable woman's paradise. Yesterday I spent an hour in one of the silk establishments here, and for the first time in my life I felt that it would be a nice thing to wear women's clothes. The softest, prettiest silk sells at 35 cents a yard, and the most beautiful tea gowns, evening dresses, etc., already made up, cost only $12 or $13. This sounds considerably like a fairly tale, but 'tis a plain statement of facts.

I intend to spend a good part of to-day visiting various points of interest about Yokohama. On Monday I expect to go with a a party from here up to Tokio and remain till night. Tokio, you know ranks alongside of Pekin, and is considered a very picturesque and beautiful city. I am with quite a nice crowd here at the hotel, most of them being "steamer" acquaintances, though so closely have I been thrown with them in the past three weeks that I feel as if I had known them for years. Mr. Gunther, the wealthy candy manufacturer, of Chicago, and his wife are in the party, and have been exceptionally nice to me. General Kemper, the consul to Amoy, and children, Mr. and Mrs. Aldridge, from New York, an old Mr. Morgan and grandson, and Mr. Parker, also from New York, several officers' wives, a lot of San Francisco people and a great many others are among the number that I have seen a great deal of and like. Most of them are "globe-trotters," who have seen the greater part of Europe and are turning towards the East for travel.

* * * * * *

Monday ,30th April.—I have been too much "on the go" to write anything since Saturday; but I will finish my letter now, as our boat leaves to-morrow afternoon and I expect most of my time will be taken up early in the day. My progress in sight-seeing has been simply a detailed continuation, so to speak, of what I have written above—that is, so far as Yokohama is concerned; but as there was no church here yesterday, that I heard of, except in the German church, I concluded I might as well go up to Tokio, a typical Japanese city of 1,600,000 people, and spend the day. I haven't time to go into any description of the place, and don't suppose I could accurately convey any idea of the life there and the impressions made on me if I tried. This place is largely affected by European and American ideas. Tokio is absolutely a Japanese city and nothing else. I spent a good part of yesterday in their temples watching their peculiar actions as they worshipped some of their native gods or Buddha, who, as you know, has thousands of converts all over Japan. Apparently, the major part of their religion consists in the contribution of money. As for the rest, they merely abuse themselves by crawling around on the floor and moaning in front of burning incense. In going into one of these temples in the very heart of Tokio I made a great blunder. Seeing a large gathering in front, I asked myjinrikisha boy if I could go inside, and was told that I could. I did so, and found myself in the midst of a richly dressed, distinguished looking lot of people, who stared at me and Mr. Wagner, who was with me, curiously and in a manner that I didn't like. Soon a Japanese, evidently a man of some prominence, came to me and asked in English who I was and what I was doing there. I told him, and with a remark about the dead person that I couldn't understand, asked me to leave. I learned afterwards that it was a private funeral of a Japanese viscount, and that to services of this nature "cards" were never issued to foreigners.

The cherry trees in Tokio are the principal feature of beauty, and are worth going hundreds of miles to see. Imagine several Pennsylvania avenues of Washington set at angles to each other and all dotted thick with blooming cherry trees and you have some conception of the picture. Three or four magnificent parks, a zoological garden, the Mikado palace, the Greek church and dozens of temples form the other principal points of interest, but these I have no time to speak of. I must begin to draw my letter to a close, as I have some matters to attend to before leaving. So far as my description of things here is concerned, this letter is feeble and tame. It is impossible, however, to make it otherwise, since my opportunities for writing letters at present are very limited. And should I attempt any portrayal—that is complete portrayal—of even one of the things that I saw, it would of necessity be considerably longer than this whole letter.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A Complimentary Letter.

News and Observer.]

Mr. T. K. Bruner, late Commissioner of Exhibits for North Carolina at the World's Fair, has received a highly complimentary letter from the Commissioner of Forestry of France, who witnessed the North Carolina forestry whilst at Chicago and who voluntarily wrote to Mr. Bruner the following letter. It was written in French but has been translated as follows:

BUREAU OF FORESTRY,
THIRTY-SECOND CONSERVATION,
DEPARTMENT OF THE HOUTE SAONE,
VESOUL, January 11, 1894.

To the Honorably Commissioner of the State of North Carolina:

HONORABLE SIR:—I was appointed by the Minister of Agriculture of France a Commissioner to the Columbian Exposition at Chicago. My studies were directed especially to the subject of Sylviculture.

It is a duty and pleasure to express to you my great admiration of the beautiful collection exhibited by the State of North Carolina.

Thanks to a most happy arrangement, and one very pleasing to the eye, each different species was shown in three distinct compartments,—a photograph of the trunk with bark, a photograph of the tree in the growing ordinary condition, and a sample of the timber of about three feet long, six inches thick, and width of ten, showing the grain both in the rough and polished conditions. A very complete label at the lower corner gave the age and size of the original tree, its locality, and the soil upon which it grew. A map exhibited the range of the species. This must have been very satisfactory both to the prospective settler and lumberman in search of material.

But the thing for which I cannot sufficiently thank you was the graciousness with which I was always received both by yourself and the attendant in charge of this exhibit. You gave me all the information I desired and to your kindness I owe much for the books and papers published by your State.

Kindly accept then, dear sir, assurance of my remembrance of all these favors, and of my most distinguished consideration.

ERNEST FEVET,
Conservator of Forests.

A Strange Mexican City.

In the city of Catorce, in Mexico, the sound of carriage wheels never has been heard, said a traveler who recently returned. The city is located in the mountains, eight miles from the railroad station. In order to reach it an extremely perilous ride up the mountains must be made. For that reason but few foreign people have ever visited the town. As a result, at Catorce are found the Mexican people in all their primitive purity. They know but little of the outside world. Its inhabitants are engaged in silver mining. Thousands of dollars' worth of bullion is secured yearly. Miles of tunnels extend in all directions, and thousands of dollars have been expended on the mines. The streets of Catorce run up and down the mountains often at an angle of 45 degrees, making the use of wheeled vehicles impossible. All transportation is done by the burros or by the Cargadores, who are able to carry great weights on their backs, suspended by bands from around their foreheads. With 300 pounds on their back, these men will move along on a trot. The only level spot of ground in Catorce is its plaza, which is very beautiful, as also is its cathedral, which is richly decorated with silver and precious stones. Catorce, which is the Spanish word meaning fountain, got its name, so the legend runs, from fourteen bandits who discovered the rich deposits of silver in 1780, and at once made it their headquarters. It is indeed a wonderful town, fabulously rich, grand in scenery, and interesting by reason of the life and habits of its people.

Summer School for Teachers.

The University of North Carolina offers instruction to teachers in three Summer Schools:

1. The University Summer School, in the University buildings, at Chapel Hill, from July 2 to July 28. Tuition $5 00; 16 professors; 20 courses of Instruction.

2. The School of Geology at King's Mountain, Tuition $10.00. Session begins June 14.

3. The School of Biology at Beaufort, Tuition $10.00. Session begins June 14.

For details address President Winston, Chapel Hill, N. C.

An editor wrote a ball-room puff, saying: "Her dainty feet were encased in shoes that might be taken for fairy boots." But the blundering compositor made it read: "Her dirty feet were encased in shoes that might be taken for ferry boats."—*Printers' Auxiliary.*

Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute.

This widely celebrated institution located at Buffalo N. Y., is organized with a full staff of eighteen experienced and skillful Physicians and Surgeons, constituting the most complete organization of medical and surgical skill in America, for the treatment of all chronic diseases, whether requiring medical or surgical means for their cure. Marvelous success has been achieved in the cure of all nasal, throat and lung diseases, liver and kidney diseases, diseases of the digestive organs, bladder diseases, diseases peculiar to women, blood-taints and skin diseases, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous debility, paralysis, epilepsy (fits), and kindred affections. Thousands are cured at their homes through correspondence. The cure of the worst ruptures, pile tumors, varicocele, hydrocele and stricture is guaranteed, with only a short residence at the institution. Send 10 cents in stamps for the Invalids' Guide-Book (168 pages), which gives all particulars. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Jerusalem on a Boom.

From the London Times.

The British consul at Jerusalem, in his latest report, gives some interesting details respecting the present condition of the Holy City. It appears that buildings of various kinds continue to be erected in the vicinity, and that the city is far out growing its former limits. On the western side houses have increased so rapidly within the last few years that quite a large suburb has arisen where formerly there were fields and vineyards.

Every available piece of land is now being bought up by private persons or by benevolent societies and missions, and already the name of "Modern Jerusalem" has been given to this new quarter. Last year the first public garden was completed outside the Jaffa gate, and the trade is generally increasing especially that in Jaffa oranges, olive wood work (now an important local industry), and olive oil. The export of Colocynth declined in consequence of a tithe levied on it by the authorities. It is gathered by Arabs in the neighborhood of Gaza, where it grows wild.

An interesting enterprise which has recently been commenced is the collection of the bitumen which rises to the surface and floats about on the Dead Sea. The sailing boats were taken by train from Jaffa to Jerusalem, and then conveyed on carts to the Jordan, where they were floated down the river to the Dead Sea, and they are now engaged in picking up the bitumen, which is in much request in Europe. The consul thinks it would be advantageous to trade with the inland districts if a steam launch and several lighters were placed on the Dead Sea to ferry across the produce of Moab, which is a country rich in cereals, fruit and cattle. At present it is conveyed by caravans round the north or south end of the Dead Sea, entailing a journey of from four to five days. Kerch, the chief town of Moab, is now garrisoned with Ottoman troops, and authority is established there, so that if rapid communication were established the whole produce of Moab would find its way to Jerusalem and the coast.

The Ferris Wheel.

Chicago Daily Tribune.

Preliminary work incident to taking down the Ferris wheel on the Midway Plaisance was begun yesterday. This consists of placing false work, engines, and hoisting apparatus. Some day next week the big wheel will turn for its last time in Chicago. At that time several Ferris Wheel Company officials will ride around on the struts that are still in place.

Some will hold simply to the ten-inch iron beams, while others, more timid, will be tied on.

It will take ten weeks to take the wheel to pieces. The car that was used for carrying the Krupp gun will be used for carrying the seventy-ton axle. The materials will be taken in five trains of twenty cars each to New York city. There are 2,000 tons of metal in the wheel and 500,000 feet of timber is needed for the false work. Taking the wheel down will be more dangerous than putting it up. Only one life was lost in erecting the big attraction.

The expense of taking down, moving and rebuilding the wheel will be $150,000. In New York it is to be placed at 27th street and Broadway. Old Vienna will be reproduced around it. Here the wheel had 3,000 electric lights; in New York the number will be doubled. The old Ferris Wheel Company goes out of existence, and a new company composed of New York men, has been formed. Superintendent L. V. Rice has charge of the removal.

During the fair the wheel went around 10,000 times and carried 2,000,000 passengers. The largest single load was carried October 19th when at 12 o'clock 1,768 people were in the cars. The largest day's business was October 10th, when 38,000 people were carried. October 9th, 10th and 11 there were 114,000 passengers, the largest average of any three days.

Laughter.

In his "Problems of Health." Dr. Greene says that there is not the remotest corner or little inlet of the minute blood vessels of the human body that does not feel some wavelet from the convulsions occasioned by good hearty laughter. The life principle of the central man is shaken to the innermost depths, sending new tides of life and strength to the surface, thus materially tending to insure good health to the persons who indulge therein. The blood moves more rapidly and conveys a different impression to all the organs of the body, as it visits them on the particular mystic journey when the man is laughing from what it does at other times. For this reason every good hearty laugh in which a person indulges tends to lengthen his life, conveying, as it does, new and distinct stimulus to the vital forces.

"I pray you, Master Lieutenant," said Sir Thomas More, as he ascended the scaffold, "see me safe up, and for my coming down I can shift for myself." "A dauntless soul erect, who smiled at death." said Thompson. He suffered martyrdom but once at the hand of the headsman, but how many suffer it every day through the slow, but insidious hand of disease. He put his faith in Princes and was lost; put yours, Oh! of suffering female in the curative properties of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and be saved from hours of suffering. It cures every form of woman's weakness, strengthens the pelvic organs, and forever checks those "beauty destroying" diseases so common to your sex.

A VETERAN'S VERDICT.

The War is Over. A Well-known Soldier, Correspondent and Journalist Makes a Disclosure.

Indiana contributed her thousands of brave soldiers to the war, and no state bears a better record in that respect than it does. In literature it is rapidly acquiring an enviable place. In war and literature Solomon Yewell, well known as a writer as "Sol." has won an honorable position. During the late war he was a member of Co. M, 2d. N. Y. Cavalry and of the 13th Indiana Infantry Volunteers. Regarding an important circumstance he writes as follows:

"Several of us old veterans here are using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, Heart Cure and Nerve and Liver Pills, all of them giving splendid satisfaction. In fact, we have never used remedies that compare with them. Of the Pills we must say they are the best combination of the qualities required in a preparation of their nature we have ever known. We have none but words of praise for them. They are the outgrowth of a new principle in medicine, and tone up the system wonderfully. We say to all, try these remedies."—Solomon Yewell, Marion, Ind., Dec. 5, 1892.

These remedies are sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, $1 per bottle, six bottles $5, express prepaid. They positively contain neither opiates nor dangerous drugs.

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After living nearly four years in Fayetteville, I think the public need have no doubt as to my ability as a mechanic; and after looking through our two cemeteries it will be convinced that my efforts to raise the standard in marble work has not been in vain, as the many handsome monuments and tablets will attest.

With thanks to the public for past patronage I hope to merit a continuance of the same.

Very truly,
E. L. REMSBURG.

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FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., JUNE 21, 1894.

PLATFORMS AND NOMINEES.

As the time approaches for putting in motion the vast machinery through which, under our system of government, the sovereign people's will finds expression, it will be useful to bear in mind two or three fundamental truths.

Government by party, as we have had occasion to say before, is indispensable to free government. Parties exist only in free governments. Unlike the will of an autocrat, that of the American people is in the nature of things a composite one. It finds expression through the medium of parties. The victory at the polls which changes party servants into public servants, changes also the tentative expression of party measures into the formal command of the people. This is their composite will, which is as binding as that of the autocrat. Free government fails, to that extent, if this be disobeyed. If it be continually disobeyed, we might as well stop the expensive mockery of conventions and elections, and surrender ourselves to the power that will pay us the biggest price for submission. How far have we gone on the road to such a chronic condition? Let the remarkable happenings in this State two years ago, and those now at Washington, in defiance of the party's solemn law, answer. What is the remedy? It is in the party's hands. The rank and file know the party law. Let them see to it that only those are chosen at the impending nominating conventions whom they can trust, from experience, with its faithful execution.

AT MORGANTON.

The annual convention of the North Carolina Press Association met at Morganton on Wednesday of last week. Morganton is not one of our big towns, yet we believe it is the opinion of the visiting brethren that they have never before been so well treated at any of their meeting places. They were delighted consequently to reward with the Presidency of the Association for the ensuing year the accomplished editor of the Morganton Herald, Mr. Ervin, at whose invitation Morganton was chosen for this meeting; and they only regret that their jurisdiction was not wide enough to include a reward to that prince of municipal chiefs, His Worship, Mayor Pearson, more tangible than a vote of thanks.

The ancient capital of Burke—the famous county whose western limits once stretched literally to the Pacific ocean—contains now, as always in the past, many notable specimens of North Carolinian humanity (male and female.) The blood that made the McDowells, Averys, Pearsons, Waltons, Erwins, Bynums and Tates famous in the past still keeps at the front their no less distinguished descendants. And now, as not in the past, a couple of illustrations of North Carolinian humanitarianism are added that one must go far to see the like of. Indeed, he must be but an ill-conditioned son of Carolina who can contemplate unmoved the splendid charities which his State has established—and amid such surroundings. Such men, such women, such luxurious homes—and in such a splendid setting! We believe these columns have once before compared the view of Asheville from the Battery Park hotel to Darjeeling in the Himalayas; and another bit, stretching further afield from the same point, to what one may see who stands in the little park near by famous Star and Garter and looks down upon the valley of the Thames—there where the red roofs of Surry thrust their peaks through such greenness of foliage as may not be seen elsewhere. But if there be in another part of the world a landscape that is altogether so restful and satisfying as the one which has Quaker Meadows for a foreground—that one hundred and fifty miles of scenery at ten dollars a mile which Mayor Pearson's Gallic and philosophic neighbor declared quite dwarfed his estimate of the inconsequential acres that were thrown in for good measure—if the rest of the world contains such another, this writer has not seen it. We are not sure but that the modest toast of the banquet managers to "The Gem of the Upper Catawba Valley" might be truthfully magnified to cover the State.

We spoke of the luxurious homes of Morganton. They were always spacious, comfortable and hospitable. But in Mayor Pearson's splendid mansion with its covered carriage way and granite-arched veranda, in Judge Bynum's and Col. Tate's, the effect of the art wave that has at last struck our occidental land—with such force that one wonders at the centuries of its impoundment in the orient—is everywhere apparent.

We spoke also of North Carolinian humanitarianism as illustrated at Morganton. Every one knows that one of the State's hospitals for the insane is located there, but none can realize its magnificence and completeness who has not seen it. Roadways, too, like those of the parks in the great cities; verdant meadows; kempt lawns, up and down the rounded hillsides; terraces and brilliant parterres! One feels proud of his State as never before as he contemplates this evidence of her excellence in a comparatively new field of endeavor. Dr. Murphy, of our neighboring county of Sampson, the Superintendant, is regarded as a genius in his vocation. He is not only distinguished in his professional attainments, but has uncommon executive gifts. He is ably assisted by Dr. Taylor, of Newbern, one of the most delightful of men; by Mrs. Marsh, of Raleigh, the Matron; and Mr. Scroggs, the courteous Steward.

Across a valley, and up another hill is the other splendid charity, nearly completed, to which we have referred, viz: the school for the Deaf and Dumb of the State, who are hereafter to be separated from the Blind, to whom the present institution at Raleigh will be devoted exclusively, and domiciled at this new one.

The speeches at the banquet—which, by the way, was distinguished by a superabundance of genuine champagne and excellent cigars—as well as those delivered elsewhere, were notably good. Especially so were Mayor Pearson's and Mr. McKesson's speeches of welcome, Judge Bynum's toasts, and Judge Avery's very interesting contribution to history in tracing to the two Joseph McDowells of Burke the beginning of the movement which led to the decisive battle of King's Mountain. This latter ought to be published.

Of the work of the convention, it may be said that many topics interesting to the professors of journalism assembled were discussed, and some were settled in a way to promote the welfare of the brotherhood and of the people whom they essay to enlighten. Perhaps the most important subject that engaged attention was the question of "How the influence of the State Press can be increased by united effort." There can be no doubt that in neutral or non-partisan movements, the impact of a united press upon the intelligence of the State would be irresistible. The subject was deemed of such importance that the President was authorized to appoint a committee (yet to be named) charged with the duty of making an exhaustive report to the next convention, which meets at Greensboro, a year hence.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Chicago platform, says the Atlanta Constitution, seems to grow more and more important in the eyes of democrats every day, and it is well that this should be so.

* * *

A meeting will be held to-day in New York from which results of importance to the South are predicted. It is described as "the outgrowth of the many public conventions held of recent years in the South to induce capital, industrial plants and desirable immigration to this section." The call is signed by many of the leading firms of New York, including, besides Messrs. H. B. Claflin & Co., and others of that class, Messrs. Murchison & Co. and Peter Mallett & Co., whose heads were formerly of Fayetteville.

* * *

Last week a bill for promoting silk culture was passed in the Senate, which is described as follows: It authorizes "the Secretary of Agriculture to establish five silk experiment stations, each in different sections of the country with the view of developing silk culture throughout the United States. Such silk culture stations shall be a part of the several experiment stations in the States in which they may be located. The work at each station shall be conducted under the supervision of the director at such station, who is to carry on such work under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture. The bill appropriates $5,000 annually to each of the stations for silk culture which shall be established under the provisions of this act."

HOW THE FOUNDATIONS OF FREE GOVERNMENT ARE SAPPED.

Here is a graphic picture, taken from Harper's Weekly, of the way the people's will is defied, as that was expressed in the victorious party's platform:

The Senate investigation into the sugar scandal has already resulted in a sworn verification of the charge that the trust has compelled the adoption of the rates provided in the original Wilson bill and in the pending Senate bill. The Senate rates give a protection concerning which experts differ. Those who are opposed to the trust assert that it is quite equal to the protection of the half-cent a pound contained in the McKinley law, while the trust contends that it is not so much as that. If representatives, however, do not specify the exact amount of protection afforded by the bill, leaving it to be assumed, therefore, that it is at least nearly as much as that which they enjoy with free raw material, and a half-cent a pound on refined sugar, with a tenth of a cent discriminating duty against sugars imported here from countries paying a bounty on exports. The trust has dictated this sugar schedule; whether it is entirely satisfactory or not, it is better than free sugar so far as the refiners are concerned.

The sugar schedule has been the centre of contention since the time when he Ways and Means Committee began the task of preparing their tariff bill. Most of the older revenue-reformers in Congress and the administration favored the restoration of a tax on raw sugars for revenue purposes. Sugars had been placed on the free list to prevent or delay revenue reform by reducing the government's income. The support of the planters to this scheme was insured by the grant of a bounty to domestic sugar-growers. There is no doubt that the task of restoring sugar duties was difficult, for there was a decided feeling against any proposition to increase the price of this necessary article. The Ways and Means Committee however, provided for sugar duties; but a strong band of Democratic Representatives, following the lead of Mr. John De-Witt Warner, of this city, defeated the proposition, and passed an amendment which placed all sugar on the free list.

The trust's agents had already appeared in Washington. Taking advantage of the demand of the Democratic Representatives of the planting interest, whose bounty was certain to be repealed, they made a coalition with them. They prepared their schedules and offered their terms to the Democratic leaders whom the people had charged with the duty of lowering tariff taxes. The Ways and Means Committee yielded to the influence of these people, especially as even at that early day threats were made that certain Senators, calling themselves Democrats, would vote against any tariff bill whose sugar schedule was not satisfactory to the trust. These threats disturbed and alarmed the administration. The President's desire that some tariff bill should be passed was in danger of disappointment. Therefore the administration surrendered. The courage it had displayed when the bill repealing the Sherman law was pending seemed to have vanished. The virtuous obstinacy which defeated all attempts at compromise on the silver question, and finally compelled the triumph of the President's policy through the votes of unwilling Senators, was not exerted to carry out the main purpose for which Mr. Cleveland and a Democratic congress had been elected. The administration accepted what it regarded as inevitable without making the supreme effort that the occasion demanded, and which *a priori*, was much more likely of success than the similar effort it made on the silver question, because it was much easier for Democratic Senators to stand for convictions and principles than for a bargain which, in public opinion at least, is tainted with corruption.

Up to this point there was very little talk of corruption. The trust had won a victory in the Ways and Means Committee, and had obtained a protective duty on refined sugar. No one thought of charging Mr. Wilson with entering into a corrupt bargain, and even now there is not a particle of evidence affecting the uprightness of the administration. But the way has been prepared, and no sooner had the bill reached the Senate than the sugar scandal broke forth. The bad precedent of McKinleyism had been adopted. The party that was placed in power to make a tariff for the consumers, to lighten burdens, to increase commerce, to open markets, to tax the people for public revenues instead of private profits, had begun to follow the old fashion of bargaining with manufacturers and trusts, and had considered their profits in more than one schedule of their measure.

The sugar schedule was the most flagrant instance. No sooner had the bill reached the Senate than the prediction of the trust's agents was realized. Senators on the Democratic side insisted that there should be a protective sugar duty or no tariff bill. The planter Senators united with others to block the bill until their demands should be accepted. At once the question became not one of revenue, but, on one side, how little would the trust and their Senators accept, and, on the other, how much can the trust force from the Democratic majority. And in this struggle the trust won.

In its defeat the Senate has lost irreparably. It is believed by the country that the trust has been paid for a generous contribution to the Democratic campaign fund. It is clear that there was a connection between the Senate-Chamber and Wall Street, and that fortunes were made in New York on news of what was to happen received from those who knew in Washington. Charges have been made in the newspapers and on the floor of the Senate itself that Senators have speculated in sugar securities. One Senator, Mr. McPherson, has acknowledged speculations for himself and his son, and his explanation that the telegram giving the order for the last purchase of sugar stock was supposed to have been destroyed, but was unwittingly carried to the telegraph office by a servant, will not help him in public estimation. It is believed that the trust's dependence on certain Democratic Senators could have been based only on pecuniary considerations, for no principle is involved in a duty to protect the sugar trust, and Democratic Senators would not threaten to defeat their party in its vital principle without some deep motive. Whether that motive was gratitude for party or for personal favors it was corrupt, and neither the Senate nor the party will be relieved of the odium of this monstrous scandal until these men cease to be members of the one and leaders of the other.

The country's interest lies chiefly in the degradation of the Senate. That body is tainted as it never was before. The corruption of the Mobilier scandal invaded the House of Representatives, but the sugar scandal is the Senate's. It is apparent that speculators are at the fountain-head of national legislation, and that the popular will may be defeated whenever the pockets of Senators can be appealed to. Whatever may come of the investigation that is going on, so much is known and believed that the country has lost faith in the Senate's integrity.

As for the bill itself, it too is tainted. No matter what small virtues it possesses, the purchased sugar schedule ruins it. Unless the House can cut out that corruption, the bill should be defeated for the sake of decency, of the country, of tariff reform itself, and as a protest against the sale of legislation either for campaign funds or for the pecuniary gains of Senators.

Washington Letter.

From Our Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, June 18, 1894.

Secretary Carlisle, in common with many prominent democrats, thinks the passage of a bill introduced by Representative Coombs, of N. Y., and now being considered by a sub-committee of the House committee on Banking and Currency, would be a very desirable thing. The bill provides for the appointment of a non-partisan currency commission, which shall devote the rest of this year to investigation and study of the subject and then report to Congress a bill for a complete banking, coinage and currency system which shall come nearer to meeting the demands of the country than what we have at present. The authors of this bill are C. N. Jordan, U. S. Subtreasurer at New York city, and W. L. Trenholm, who was Comptroller of Currency under the first Cleveland administration, both of whom have appeared before the committee to argue in favor of its being favorably reported to the House. In view of the difference of opinion on this subject among democrats in Congress, so radical that it has so far defeated all attempts at financial legislation, it would seem that this bill is one upon which men of all opinions could unite. It could certainly do no harm, and, if the commission was properly made up, might do much good.

Senator Harris has to grit his teeth and bear the unexpected delay in reaching a final vote on the tariff bill as best he can, being unable to get and keep forty-three Senators on the floor continuously in order to force things along faster. The republicans took advantage of this to stretch the debate on the wool schedule out of all proportions and at this writing they are threatening to fillibuster against taking a vote upon it until wool is taken from the free list, and the charge is made, but I will not vouch for its correctness, that they have been informed by several democrats of their willingness, if it can be done by agreement, instead of a recorded vote, to help them get a small duty on wool.

The attempt of a local paper to get a little notoriety by insinuating that Representative Richardson, of Tenn., had engaged in real estate transactions that were not entirely right and proper, with representatives of a street railway syndicate that is seeking Congressional legislation, was a failure even before Mr. Richardson had taken the unnecessary trouble to make an explanation to the House. The man or newspaper which attacks the integrity of men like Mr. Richardson must present absolute proofs, not vague insinuations, before the public's attention can be secured.

If the evidence taken by the House committee on Naval Affairs can be substantiated, the government should at once cancel the contract with the Carnegie companies for armor plate for our war ships, and begin suits for the recovery of every dollar that has been paid to those concerns for plates that are not what they purport to be. This would, of course, result in delaying the completion of those ships yet to be armored, but it would be better that they never be completed than that the crookedness which has been testified to should be allowed to go unpunished. The committee is still taking testimony. It will probably be necessary to remove plates from a number of the ships in order to ascertain whether witnesses have told the truth or not, and will consume considerable time, and make it impossible for the committee to conclude the investigation in time to report during the present session of Congress.

Every Senator at present in Washington, except Quay, of Pa., has declared under oath that he neither speculated in nor gave information to others to be used in speculating in the stock of the sugar trust. Quay says he has been speculating in sugar stock whenever he felt like it and that he is going to continue. The evidence did not surprise any sensible person, but all the same it was wise in the investigating committee to examine all the Senators beginning with themselves; it closes the mouths of the buncombe speakers and writers who have been continually asking "why not swear the Senators?" The only features in the examination of the Senators that varied from the stereotyped denial of the eight leading questions asked enough to arouse any special interest were the confession of Senator Quay and the statement of Senator Ransom, that he had a day or two before learned that his son had during the month of April speculated in a Washington bucket shop to the extent of $45, and that $20 of it had been placed upon the stock of the sugar trust. It was, of course, a foolish thing for young Mr. Ransom to have done, but the amount invested is of itself sufficient to clear the young man of any suspicion of having acted upon any information beyond his own desire to bet his own money upon his own judgment. When a man goes into a speculation on inside information he puts up more than $20. Senator Ransom has never bought a share of speculative stock of any kind since he became a member of the Senate.

Notes on Davidson Commencement.

[Special Correspondence.]

MR. EDITOR:—A large audience was assembled on Sunday to hear the Baccalaureate preached by Rev. S. S. Laws, D. D. L.L. D., Columbia, S. C.

Rev. W. W. Moore, D. D., L.L. D., preached at night. We regret not being present to hear these noted divines.

The Seniors gave us an interesting programme well carried out Monday night. In the Senior class we note Mr. Charles E. Hodgin, of Robeson county. Mr. Hodgin, stands high in his class, and is one of the leaders in christian work. The past year he was president of the Y. M. C. A.

Mr. Reid Williams, of Wilmington, we learn is specially fond of Astronomy and Mineralogy, and has done himself credit in these studies. Mr. R. M. Williams, Mt. Olive, N. C., obtains the degree of A. M. He has resisted the charms of the beautiful Davidson girls, and has applied himself very diligently to his books.

Mr. J. S. Hall, of Wilmington, is the popular Chief Marshal.

The East gets the declaimer medal this year through the eloquence of Mr. George Matthis, of Clinton. Last year Mr. L. E. Wells, of Wallace, received the medal.

Mr. A. G. Little, of Lumber Bridge, is commencement president of the Phi. Society. He is specially bright in Natural Science.

We are very much pleased with the personnel of the student body.

We have reason to know that thorough work has been done during the past session.

Tuesday night Mr. Banks, of the Charlotte Observer staff, gave us an excellent address, taking for his subject Horace Greely. Mr. Banks has gained quite a reputation as a journalist. Mr. R. L. Ryburn, of Shelby, of N. C., well known to your readers, gave us a characterization of Portia, the queen of Shakesperian women. His voice is pleasant, his language chaste and ornate. We know Mr. Ryburn has a good wife, judging from the enthusiastic manner in which he spoke and the advice given to the young men.

Mr. Sam. Cromartie, of Bladen, was the Respondent in the Phi., and he performed his part well.

Rev. Dr. Strickler, of Atlanta, Ga., and Rev. Dr. Egbert Smith, spoke Wednesday. The former choosing as his subject "Elements of Success in Life"; the latter "Patriotism and Politics." Both gentlemen are magnetic speakers.

Wednesday evening the Alumni Association convened. They have decided to have a banquet next year to which former students are invited. Great enthusiasm prevailed. Ten of the twenty graduates of last year were present. The Alumni and undergraduates all seem to be proud of the good work the college is doing.

Wednesday night Mr. F. D. Jones, of S. C., discussing "The Poet as Teacher," won the orators' medal. We have never heard better speaking by college boys. The subjects were well handled, and the speakers were so easy and natural. There was nothing bombastic or sophomoric.

Your readers will be glad to know that many encomiums were passed on the speech of Mr. J. M. McIntire, of Wilmington—subject, "From Beech to Book."

Mr. Alex. Martin, son of Rev. Roger Martin, formerly of Maxton, made a fine appearance on the stage, and a good impression on the audience. His subject was "Vacant Niches in the Temple of Fame."

Thursday the immense crowd were welcomed by Mr. J. M. Fan, of Union, S. C., and the farewell words were spoken by Mr. M. E. Sentelle, Henshaw, Tenn.

Among the speakers were Mr. Chas. F. Rankin, of Greensboro, and Mr. James D. Arnold, of Jonesboro, N. C. The graduating class numbered twenty-three.

D. D. was conferred upon Revs. J. H. Boyd, Charlotte, N. C.; R. F. Campbell, Asheville, N. C.; T. R. Sampson, Asheville; Egbert Smith, Greensboro. This makes five Doctor Smiths in one family. Mr. H. W. Smith is now at the Seminary and will deserve the title later on, making an even half dozen. Two of the sons are Doctors of Philosophy—H. L. of Davidson College and A. C. of University, of Lousiana.

Dr. H. L. Smith has done a great work for Davidson. He has enlarged and broadened the course in natural science. Possibly no institution in the South has a faculty of teachers more practical and thorough. Col. Martin is known in Europe as a distinguished Chemist. Dr. Currell is in the front rank among literary men, and his praises are sounded abroad by his enthusiastic pupils. President Shearer has distinguished himself in Greek, Latin, Mathematics, Hebrew and other branches of learning, but he is best known as a leader of thought in Biblical Literature and Psychology—the subjects he so ably and popularly teaches. In fact the entire faculty is composed of men of first rate ability. Lake Wiley and the gymnasium, together with outdoor sports, afford ample opportunities for physical culture.

We have never spent a more delightful week. We were about to forget Thursday night. There were no exercises unless the giving away of regalias and the nocturnal promenading be deemed an exercise. Miss Chadbourn, of Wilmington, received the regalia of Chief Marshal. Mr. James Sprunt Hall, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Hall, of Wilmington, both of whom were here this week accompanied by their daughter, Miss Sue Hall, just graduated from Statesville Female College.

The villagers and students say that more pretty girls were present than at any one previous commencement. Your readers will be interested in the mention of Miss Mary Dinwiddie and Miss Crowe, of Raleigh, Miss Lizzie Whitfield, of Seven Springs, Miss Martha Williams, of Wilmington, Miss Vick, of Selma, Misses Nannie and Bessie Wharey, of Mooresville, Miss Bessie Hall, of Winston.

Special mention should be made of the hospitable entertainment of guests by Mrs. Dr. Shearer, Mrs. Col. Martin and Mrs. Dr. Currell.

The Seniors sang very feelingly "The boys of 94," to the tune "Auld Lang Syne." The Glee Club captivated every one.

VELNA, N. C., May 5, 1894.—I have taken two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and it did me much good. L. D. LEONARD.

Wake Forest Commencement.

Special Correspondence of the Observer.]

The exercises of the week have been a fitting close for the work of a most successful and satisfactory session of this leading institution.

The entire session has been marked by the good deportment of the student body, together with the good work done in all departments.

On Monday night the class of '94 celebrated their class exercises. They number twenty-eight, representing New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina.

The class oration was delivered by Mr. J. D. Robertson, of Iredell county, N. C., the class poem by Mr. R. F. Beasley, of Monroe, N. C. Mr. R. W. Haywood, of Pollocksville, N. C., presented the history of class '94, and the prophecy was given by Mr. J. E. Yates, of Chatham, county.

This class was greeted by the largest audience ever gathered here on a similar occasion.

On Tuesday, at 9 A. M., the Trustees held their annual meeting, with the fullest attendance in the history of the college, all members except three being present.

At 8 P. M., a large audience greeted Hon. E. B. Jones, of Winston, N. C., who delivered the Alumni address, with this subject: "The boy of the old field school shapes our history and makes our destiny." At the conclusion of the address the annual meeting of the Alumni was held, Prof. W. L. Poteat, of the chair of Natural History, was elected as Alumni orator for next year. On Wednesday morning the crowd grows larger. The spacious campus is thronged with beautiful women. Beneath the shady oaks the famous Richmond band pours forth strains of sweet music for the multitudes gathered from every part of the state, to talk over the scenes of their college life, and renew their allegiance to their alma mater.

At 11 A. M., the Literary address was delivered by Rev. F. C. McConnell, of Lynchburg, Va., on the subject: "No other man has his hand on your goal." An orator of wonderful power, he charmed the great audience and fully justified the reputation of being one of the most eloquent men in the South.

At 8 P. M., Rev. E. M. Poteat, of New Haven, Conn., preached the Baccalaureate sermon, upon the theme, "Christ the only true foundation," showing that Christ must be the basis of all real growth and achievement, whether individual, social or national. Mr. Poteat is an alumnus of Wake Forest, and the college may well be proud of the reputation he is making as a profound thinker and eloquent preacher.

Thursday was Commencement day proper. Every train is filled, and the general opinion is that no such crowds ever before attended Wake Forest commencement.

At 11 A. M., seven members of the graduating class delivered orations. The Salutatory, second highest honor, was delivered by Mr. W. L. Foushee, of Roxboro, N. C., who had made the high average for entire course of 98.52-100 out of a possible 100.

Then came the following orations:

Mr. M. O. Carpenter, of Lincoln County "Shifting."

Mr. R. L. Freeman, of S. C.—"The S. C. Dispensary Law."

Mr. R. F. Beasley, of Monroe, N. C.—"Wooing Sirens."

Mr. J. E. Yates, of Chatham Co., N. C.—"The Parliament of Religions."

Mr. J. D. Robertson, of Iredell Co., N. C.—"Vance, a N. C. Patriot."

The highest honor was won by Mr. R. W. Haywood, of Pollocksville, N. C., who delivered the Valedictory.

He had made an average of 98 81 out of a possible 100.

The baccalaureate address was delivered by the President, his subject being the Three Keys to human success—self-control, self-reliance and self-respect. It was generally regarded as the best address ever made by Dr. Taylor. At night the usual concert was given by the band, afterwards the annual reception was given by the Literary Societies in their beautiful Halls. These societies are the pride of the college. They are not hampered by any secret fraternities among the students and consequently do admirable work.

The outlook for the fall session is bright. Many new students are expected. An excellent system of water-works will be added before the opening of the next session, and other needed improvements will be made.

The summer Law School will open on July 3rd. B.

MORGANTON.

A WONDERFUL CLIMATE.

The Northerner who writes us for information always asks particularly about *climate*, special attention having been directed to this section by the fact that the maps issued by the census department in 1870 showed a small area covering Morganton and parts of Burke and adjacent counties *to be absolutely free from lung and throat diseases*. Eminent physicians in Boston, New York and Washington, who have made a close study of our climatic conditions, are sending their patients to Morganton when troubled with bronchial and pulmonary complaints. Some who have come here for health have been so much benefitted by the invigorating air of our mountains that they have made their homes with us and are to-day among our most useful and progressive citizens. An interesting publication issued by the State Agricultural Department, and entitled "The Climate of North Carolina," shows that since 1867 the mean annual temperature at Morganton has been 56.8, while the mean temperature for the months of November, December, January, February and March for the same period has been 45.5°. Edward J. Stack, of the Cambridge (Mass.) *Tribune*, who spent a part of the winter of 1891 in Morganton wrote to his paper as follows:

"Pulmonary or malarial diseases do not originate here, indeed it is a sanitarium for those suffering from lung troubles. The general level of the plain is about 1500 feet above tide, and, owing to the conformation of the surrounding heights, tornadoes are impossible and storms insignificant, the great blasts passing high overhead. There are fine breezes from the mountains, with cool, refreshing nights in summer, while the severe rigors of winter are unknown. Laborers can work out-of-doors every day in the year if it is not raining."

It was the wonderful healthfulness of this mountain encircled plain which induced the State of North Carolina to locate in Morganton two of its greatest charitable institutions, the State Hospital for the Insane and the School for the Deaf and Dumb. The Hospital building, which has a frontage 200 feet greater than the capital at Washington, accommodates 600 patients. The Deaf and Dumb Schoool, which will be opened during 1894, will accommodate about 350 people.

POPULATION AND INDUSTRIES.

The town of Morganton has a population of about 2500. Beside the two great State institutions mentioned above, it has an immense steam tannery, a large cotton mill, a large wood-working establishment, and several smaller manufacturing concerns. One of the most celebrated brands of smoking tobacco made in the South is manufactured here. The streets, business houses, and many of the private residences are lighted by electricty. There are Methodist, Baptist, Episcopal and Presbyterian churches. There are five schools, and children are prepared for college or given special courses, in French, German and music. The local banking facilities are good. The business men of the town have organized a Chamber of Commerce, which is doing much to build up the town and county. One of the enterprises it now has on foot is the building of a fine turnpike road through a wild mountain region in order to bring more trade to Morganton from the rich valleys beyond the Blue Ridge. The Richmond and Danville R. R. runs through Pullman cars from Morganton to Jersey City, the trip being made under the present schedule in less than seventeen hours. The valleys of Cawtaba, the Linville, John's River, and their tributaries, all in Burke county, are very fertile. Corn, wheat, tobacco, grass and clover grow abundantly. There is no finer fruit section in the South, and a considerable portion of the county is in the "Thermal Belt," where orchards and vineyards are never injured by frosts. During last year a colony of Walderness, from the Italian Alps, purchased several thousand acres of land in this Thermal Belt, eight miles from Morganton, and are now building houses and clearing land for their fields, orchards and vineyards. River bottom land brings from $30 to $50 per acre. Farms along the creeks, including improvements, will average from $8 to $15 per acre, and in the mountains there are tracts well timbered that can be had at from $2 to $5 per acre.

LIFE, HEALTH AND STRENGTH.

APALACHICOLA, FLA., Feb. 17, 1889.

MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.

DEAR SIRS—I will write to inform you that I was afflicted with Blood Disease. I tried one bottle of * * * and it gave me no relief. I was in bed seven months. I tried prominent physicians, and they could not do me any good. I saw your advertisement of P. P. P. in the *Apalachicola Times*, and thought I would try it. The bottle I got to-night makes seven or eight, and, oh, how good I feel. I have been up ever since and at my business, lumber inspector. You may publish this if you desire. I have informed my friends that P. P. P. is life, health and strength.

M. P. BOLDEN.

Sold by all Druggists and general stores.

LIPPMAN BROS., Proprietors and Druggists, Savannah, Ga.

DURANT MISS., December 2, 1890. OFFICE OF J. S. ROSAMOND.

MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.:

GENTLEMEN:—While in San Antonio, Texas, last spring, I saw your advertisement of P. P. P. (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium) in the paper for the cure of rheumatism, and thought I would try a bottle, finding such great relief from it, on my return home I had my druggist, Mr John McClellan to order me a supply. After taking, I think ten bottles, I have not had a pain or ache since, previous to that I suffered for twenty-five (25) years, and could not get the least benefit until I tried P. P. P. and therefore take pleasure in recommending it to all.

Yours truly,

J. S. ROSAMOND.

For sale by Burwell & Dunn, Wholesale Druggists, Charlotte, N. C., and Richardson & Farias, Greensboro N. C.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

President Cleveland's Cancer.

It has been rumored that he has it. If he would take a course of Botanic Blood Balm, the best blood purifier and building-up remedy in the world, he would soon be well. It will not disappoint. Price $1.00 per large bottle. For sale by druggists. Use it for all blood and skin diseases, rheumatism, catarrh, etc. —*Adv.*

If you feel weak and all worn out take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY, } ss

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

LADIES Needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It is pleasant; cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness, Liver Complaints and Neuralgia.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

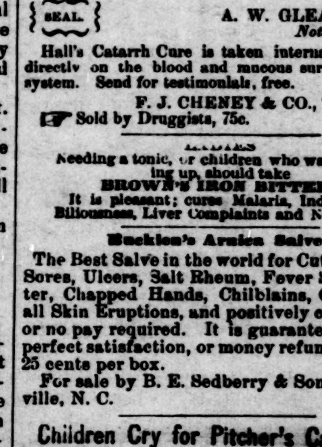
For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

$1000 Worth

Of Other Medicines Failed

But Hood's Sarsaparilla Gave Perfect Health.



Mr. Arthur McConnell
Pensacola, Florida.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"One thousand dollars' worth of other medicines, prescriptions, etc., have failed to do for me what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done. My home is in Forida, but in 1884 I went to California and lived there four years. I was taken sick in 1886 and had medical assistance, but found no relief. The doctors said I had chronic bronchitis. I was in the Marine Hospital at San Francisco several months and at Rush Medical College, Chicago, 11 months, but still did not get better, so came back to Pensacola. My weight was then 139 pounds with a heavy overcoat on.

My Friends Did Not Know Me,

I was so thin and broken down. But the climate and being at home gave me a little courage and I began trying various medicines. In August, 1890, I was appointed to a position in the United States custom house. My friends urged my wife to have me try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I took it three times a day just to please her. But to my surprise I commenced to feel differently after a week on Hood's. I found I was hungry and that I could sleep better; that tired feeling also left me. So I continued taking Hood's Sarsaparilla; have used nine bottles and four boxes of Hood's Pills, with the result that

I am Now in Good Health,

weigh 162 pounds, have a good appetite, sleep well, and have not lost a day's work since I began to take this medicine. When everything

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

else has failed, I found that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures." ARTHUR McCONNELL, United States Barge Office, Pensacola, Florida.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

JUDGE WALTER CLARK

USES AND ENDORSES THE

Electropoise

TRADE MARK.

"Cures when all else fails."

North Carolina Supreme Court.
WALTER CLARK, ASSOCIATE JUSTICE.
RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 26, 1894.

We have found the Electropoise very valuable—especially for children. I got one last May, and I am sure I have saved three times its cost already in doctors' and drug store bills. From my experience with it, and observation, I can safely recommend it.

Yours truly, WALTER CLARK.

Investigation Invited.

BOOK FREE.

Electrolibration Co.,

345 FOURTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

King of all Bicycles.

THE Monarch

Absolutely the Best.

Light Weight and Rigidity. Every Machinefully warranted

Superior Material and Scientific Workmanship. . . .

5 Styles

Highest Honors at the World's Columbian Exposition.

Send two-cent stamp for our 24-page Catalogue—A work of Art.

Monarch Cycle Company,

Retail Salesroom, 280 Wabash Ave. Lake and Halsted Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

E. J. HALE, Jr., Agent,

Fayetteville, N. C.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

—AND DEALERS IN—

Plows, Harrows, Cultivators and all kinds of Agricultural Implements and Castings and Steel Shapes for the same.

IF YOU WANT ANY LEATHER GOODS SUCH AS

Buggy Harness, Wagon Harness, Plow Gear, Bridles and Collars,

do not fail to examine our stock—we have the very best goods at panic prices. We can furnish you with any part of Harness at half the price that it will cost you to have it made.

—IT IS JUST AS WE TOLD YOU TWO YEARS AGO IT WOULD BE—

"ALBEMARLE" FLOUR

has a great deal the largest sale of any Patent Flour sold in Fayetteville, quality and price combined will tell.

FERTILIZERS.

We have in stock quite a number of the oldest and most reliable Brands and several new Brands which we offer at popular prices. We offer special inducements to car load buyers.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.

LOOK! LOOK!!

Look to Your Interest!

Why can W. H. NEWBERRY & SONS make it pay to examine their

Stock of Furniture?

1st. They are MANUFACTURERS.

2nd. Their experience in MANUFACTURING enables them to know how to buy the BEST GOODS for the *least money*.

3rd The goods they buy are bought direct from MANUFACTURERS.

4th. Their *motto is quick sales and small profits*

To be convinced call in at their

FURNITURE STORE, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THEY ALSO MANUFACTURE

HOUSE TRIMMINNGS, MOULDINGS RAILINGS, TURNED and SAWED SCROLL WORK, BRACKETS, BALUSTERS, NEWELL POSTS and MANTELS.

FURNITURE STORE—Thornton Block.
FACTORY—Cool Spring Street.

Cocoa and Chocolate,

THE BERLINERS AND LONDONERS DRINK;

Cocoa and Chocolate,

THE AMERICAN DRINK;

PREPARED BY

VAN HOUTEN

—AND—

WALTER BAKER.

Our Green, Black

—AND—

English Breakfast Teas

ARE APPRECIATED BY THE BEST TRADE.

SARATOGA CHIPS,

FRESH ARRIVAL.

3—8—94 R. M. PRIOR.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

THOMAS H. SUTTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ROOMS 7 AND 9 PYTHIAN BUILDING,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS WHERE SERVICES ARE REQUIRED.
6-1-94 3t

DR. R. S. McGEACHY,

Has located here, and offers his Professional Services to the people of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

OFFICE IN SEDBERRY'S DRUG STORE.

E. L. HUNTER, D. D. S. THOMAS M. HUNTER, D. D. S.

DRS. HUNTER, DENTISTS,

Northeast Corner Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

April 29, 1880. tf

J. H. MARSH, M. D. J. F. HIGHSMITH, M. D.

DRS. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,

Office N. E. Corner Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

S. H. MacRAE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Office over McDuffie's Drug Store.

NOTICE.

The undersigned has removed his

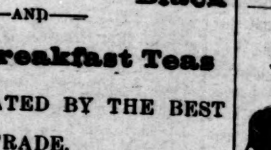
LAW OFFICE

from the Thornton Building on Hay street, to the new office on Green street, between the Sheriff's office and the Overbaugh building.

N. A. SINCLAIR.

G. B. PATTERSON, D. D. S.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.



After 9 years experience offer his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country. Office up-stairs over Bank of Fayetteville. N. B. Hayes' Hypnotic used for the painless extraction of teeth.

HOUSEKEEPERS

would do well to call and see one of our

Gurney's Refrigerators,

the best on the market.

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY..................JUNE 21, 1894.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Manager.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Weekly one year (in advance)..............$2 00
Weekly six months (in advance)............. 1 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication. Four weeks constitute a month.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ The Editor of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

☞ Notices of church and society and all other entertainments from which revenue is to be derived will be charged for at the rate of five cents a lined.

Advertising is to business what steam power is to machinery—the grand motive power.—MACAULAY.

There is but one way of obtaining business—publicity; but one way of obtaining publicity—advertising.—BLACKWOOD.

We Offer

The OBSERVER and the Atlanta Constitution one year for $2.00; the OBSERVER and the New York Times one year $2.25; and the OBSERVER and Home and Farm one year $2.00. Cash to accompany subscriptions in every case.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIDDELL COMPANY—Cotton Presses.
E. J. HALE, JR., Agent—The Monarch.
CHAS. G. CAIN—Notice of Incorporation.
TREASURER'S REPORT—Town of Hope Mills
HARRISS STEAM DYE WORKS—See Advertisement.
BLOOD BALM CO.—Botanic Blood Balm—4th page.
MOORE'S BOOK AND MUSIC STORE—The Autoharp.
H. R HORNE—Teas, Toilet Soaps, &c.—see Specials.
J. W. HINSDALE, JAS. C. MACRAE—Executors' Notice.
BERRY GLEAVES—An Opportunity to Visit the Mountains.

Dr. Huske will preach in St. Joseph's Church next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

The political pot is beginning to boil and one meets candidates in every direction.

We are glad to see that Mr. James Matthews has entirely recovered from his severe illness.

The Misses Kyle gave a delightful party last week in honor of their charming young lady visitors.

Mr. Wm. Hatcher, of Carlos, sends us a cotton bloom plucked in the field on the 13th inst. Crops are good looking in his section of Cumberland. he says.

Mr. A. J. Pemberton, Secretary of the Carolina Club, requests us to state that there will be a meeting of the members of the Club next Wednesday evening between six and seven o'clock in the Club's parlors.

There will be an excursion next Tuesday run from Newbern, Wilmington and this city over the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad to Mt. Airy. The train leaves from the C. F. & Y. V. station in this city at 1.10 P. M. The fare is reasonably low, only $2.50 for the round trip.

Mr. H. H. Covington, formerly Superintendent of the Graded School of this city, and who is now a prominent young lawyer of Bennettsville, S. C., has entered journalism. He has assumed the editorship of the Bennettsville Review and we feel assured he will make it a success.

The following ladies and gentlemen are summering at Bolton Springs:

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Burns, Mr. and Mrs. Harriss, Mr. and Mrs. Folb, Miss Laura Thomson, Miss Laura Banks. Messrs. Leighton Huske. John C. Thomson, Jr., A. J. Cook, A. J. Pemberton.

K. of P. Pic Nic at Mt. Airy.

We acknowledge receipt of an invitation from Messrs. Sparger, McCargo and Carter, committee, of Blue Ridge Lodge of Mt. Airy, to attend the first annual pic nic of the Knights of Pythias of North Carolina, which will take place at Mt. Airy to-morrow. Success to you, gentlemen.

The Baptist Sunday School Excursion to Wilmington and the Beach was a great success. Seven cars were hardly sufficient to accommodate the crowd. It started here with two hundred and seventy-five and rolled into Wilmington with four hundred and fifty. They all came back full of the pleasure of their trip. Who does not enjoy a Baptist Sunday School Excursion?

The following Knights left the city Tuesday for Winston to attend the annual session of the Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias: W. S. Cook, Supreme Representative, R. G. Haigh, Representative of Cumberland Lodge, T. F. Lewis, Representative of North State, H. I. McDuffie, Chairman Committee on State of the Order; Messrs. Jas. F. Johnson, Jno. Underwood and D. A. McMillan.

An Eloquent Preacher.

Rev. Robert Strange, Rector of St. James's Episcopal Church at Wilmington, preached at St. Thomas's Church—the pretty country Chapel which Rev. Dr. Huske has been serving since he became Rector Emeritus of St. John's—on Sunday morning, and at St. John's Sunday night. Our people have from time to time seen high praise of Mr. Strange's oratory in such leading papers as the Charleston News and Courier and others, but they were entirely unprepared for the remarkable capacity which this still young preacher possesses and evinced during his visit here. The general opinion is that he is a great preacher, deserving to rank with the ecclesiastical notables of our country.

Mr. Strange comes honestly by his gifts as an orator, being the grandson of the late Judge (and Senator) Strange—and therefore, too, it may be added, the kinsman of the other descendants of Judge Strange in this city, viz: the children and grandchildren of Rev. Dr. Huske and of the late Captain James Strange.

PASSED INTO REST.

Fayetteville Loses One of Its Most Esteemed Citizens—Death of Samuel J. Hinsdale—The Close of a Fruitful and Seemly Life—Universal Manifestations of Respect and Sympathy.

"So long Thy power hath held me, sure it still
Will lead me on,
O'er moss and fen, o'er crag and torrent, till
The night is gone;
And, with the morn, those angel faces smile
Which I have loved long since, and lost awhile."

The death of Mr. Samuel J. Hinsdale, at his residence on Haymount, on the 14th inst., at 12:45 P. M., at the age of 77 years, has left to this community universal and affectionate regret over the close of a life full of years and usefulness. The deceased was born at Middletown, Conn., on the 26th of March, 1817, removing to this State in 1843; and, for more than half a century of intense business activity, wherein he easily took his place as the leading druggist of North Carolina, no one more than he has identified himself intimately with the best interests of his adopted people and section; no one better than he has illustrated good citizenship in the uprightness and strict integrity of a manly walk of life.

Endowed with the energy and aggressiveness of character which placed him thoroughly in touch with the busy world about him, Mr. Hinsdale was nevertheless essentially domestic in his nature; home joys and happiness were to him the crown of temporal life, and naught was more precious than the household altar and the hearthstone. Such a man abounded perforce in the graces of hospitality, the virtues of friendship, the kindly warmth of unostentatious but abounding charity—a public-spirited citizen, a genial neighbor, a steadfast friend.

Mr. Hinsdale had hardly a superior and not many equals as an analytical chemist. To remarkable deftness and skill over the retort and crucible in the conduct of the most delicate experiments, he added great erudition and varied attainments, and many important and valuable discoveries as contributions to this noble science combined to give him an elevated and enviable place in the profession, in the ardent love of which he passed much time in his extensive laboratory, even after he had retired from business. He was for many years president of the State Pharmaceutical Society, and was Senior Warden and Vestryman of St. John's Episcopal Church.

The first wife of the deceased was Miss Elizabeth C. Wetmore, daughter of the late Ichabod Wetmore, cashier of the Fayetteville branch of the State bank, niece of the late Hon. George E. Badger, and sister of the wife of the late Lieutenant General Theophilus Holmes, and of this marriage there survive two children—Col. J. W. Hinsdale, an able lawyer of the State bar, and Mrs. MacRae, wife of Justice MacRae of the Supreme Court bench. In 1886 he married Mrs. Mary Broadfoot, widow of the late Jas. B. Broadfoot, who, with an infant son, Theodore, survives him, endowed with the lovable and gracious qualities which made her a faithful and devoted wife and mother.

The funeral services took place on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock from St. John's Church, conducted by Rev. Dr. J. C. Huske, rector *emeritus*, assisted by Revs. Robt. Strange and Mr. Harris; and, notwithstanding the busy day and the busy hour of the day, the cortege of mourning friends was very large, all the stores on upper Hay street and many near the market being closed as the procession passed. The pall-bearers were Messrs. H. R. Horne. B. E. Sedberry, F. R. Rose, W. N. Tillinghast, Weldon W. Huske, B. R. Huske, R. P. Buxton and I. B. Hawley, with the venerable friend of the deceased, Mr. J. C. Thomson, as honorary pall-bearer. After the family and relatives marched all the members of the guild of druggists of Fayetteville (a branch of business of which deceased was the father here, and which is in the hands of men of high character and intelligence). The floral offerings were of extraordinary beauty and profusion.

Much interest was manifested and unqualified approval expressed in the simple character of the details of the funeral—a plain, unembellished poplar casket, conveyed in a hearse of the fashion of past days, drawn by the family horse, in the hands of the family driver—in accordance with the written directions of the deceased. The remains were consigned to the grave with such chemical appliances as would reduce them soonest to the dust whence they sprang; and the wisdom of the motive in all this was emphasized in a charitable bequest of the amount which would otherwise have been expended on a needlessly costly funeral. Full of shining example, he who has passed away left ample food for reflection in this last act with which he put off mortality.

Col. Frederick L. Childs.

Wilmington Star.]

The death is announced at Statesburg, S. C., on the 10th inst., of Col. F. L. Childs, a Confederate veteran who was for some time and up to the close of the war in 1865, commandant of the arsenal at Fayetteville, N. C. The Columbia, S. C., *State*, in noticing his demise, says:

Col. F. L. Childs, for the last twenty-five years a resident of Charleston, died while on a visit to Statesburg very suddenly Sunday morning at the residence of his brother-in-law, Dr. W. W. Anderson. The deceased soldier was in every sense a christian and a gentleman; one who could not have made an enemy, and he was, like his father, a graduate of West Point.

Old residents of Fayetteville who were at home then will remember the story of General Sherman's rudeness to the venerable mother of Col. Childs when he called upon her at her son's quarters at the arsenal. Col. Childs had retreated with some of his force upon the approach of Sherman's army. General Sherman—who was an old comrade, perhaps a West Point classmate, of General Childs, Col. Childs's father—upon being informed by Mrs. Childs that "Fred" was not at hand, is reported to have exclaimed, "I wish I had him here now, I would hang him!"

All persons holding OBSERVER prize coupons will please send them in so we can assort them as we go along.

Fayetteville Loses the Congressional Convention.

Pursuant to a call issued on Friday, the executive committee of the Third Congressional District met at Wilmington day before yesterday. Only four members—Messrs. W. E. Murchison, of Moore; P. M. Pearsall, of Jones; S. B. Taylor, of Onslow; and J. S. Bizzell, of Sampson—were present, but several counties were represented by proxies. Mr. Manly represented Craven county. Mr. Ellsworth was elected to fill the vacancy from Duplin county caused by the death of Mr. Carr. The resignation of Mr. Z. W. Whitehead, of Cumberland, as chairman and member, was tendered and accepted. Mr. Murchison, of Moore, was elected chairman to succeed Mr. Whitehead. Mr. Geo. A. Burns was elected as the member from Cumberland. Mr. D. H. McLean represented Harnett county in the absence of Mr. Avera. The Committee proceeded to select a place for holding the convention to nominate a candidate for Congress. Fayetteville, Dunn, Clinton, Warsaw, Newbern and Jacksonville being proposed, Dunn was selected, and Thursday, the 19th of July, fixed for the date.

Our people were confidently expecting that Fayetteville would be selected, as it is by far the most central and accessible place in the District (Wilmington the meeting place of the committee not being within it), and the F. I. L. I. armory is probably not equalled in the State in its adaptation to such a purpose.

People and their Movements.

Mrs. Sallie C. McEachern is visiting relatives in Rockfish.

Mrs. E. D. Kyle and baby have gone to Mt. Airy for the Summer.

Mr. Herbert Lutterloh left Monday night on a business trip to Florida.

Mr. W. S. Jessup, Manager of the Benbow House, Greensboro, is in the city.

Mrs. Emma Owen and children are visiting the family of Mr. John Blue st Aberdeen.

Mrs. D. B. Carson, of Tenn., is visiting the family of Dr. T. M. Hunter on Dick street.

Mrs. Lauchlin McDonald and baby Kenneth, of Roslin, are visiting relatives in Thurlow, Pennsylvania.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Watson and Misses Lottie and Bert Watson left yesterday to spend the season at Carolina Beach.

His many friends were delighted to greet once more Mr. Elliott Daingerfield of New York, who is on a visit to his sister, Mrs. John C. Haigh, on Dick street. Mr. Daingerfield, as many of our readers know, has won fame as an artist in the great metropolis—and that is a good deal to say.

Miss May Foulkes, of California, who has been visiting the Misses Kyle, on Haymount, left last week on a visit to friends in Virginia. It will be gratifying to her numerous friends here to learn that Miss Foulkes will return to this city in the Fall for a short visit before leaving for her far Western home.

County Convention.

Chairman McNeill informs us that he has notified the members of the County executive committee to meet in this city on Saturday, the 23rd inst., to decide upon the time for holding the county convention.

The Missing Word Contest.

Those of our readers who are keeping up with the prizes of the Atlanta Constitution are reminded that a new sentence opens for each month. The following is the sentence for the contest for the month of June:

"Patiently, with the dark lantern closed and hid under his arm, he waited behind a ragged rock in the crevice next to the clothes for the .... to return."

One-fourth of the net subscription receipts of those entering this contest will be divided among those who supply the correct word in the blank in the above sentence. Thus, if there are $5,000, one-fourth would be $1,200. If ten supply the correct word each would receive $125, if 100, each $12.50, &c.

All subscribers to the Constitution are allowed to guess the missing word, besides a guess at the cotton crop.

For full particulars of this contest see advertisement on our fourth page.

The OBSERVER and Constitution one year only two dollars.

The Observer Prize.

To the Teacher (Sunday school as well as other) in Cumberland, Sampson, Robeson, Moore, Harnett, Duplin and Bladen receiving the greatest number of votes by August 1st, we will give a $65.00 New Home Sewing Machine.

Each person can vote as often as he pleases provided he uses the coupon below:

I vote for

....

as the most popular teacher.

Sig..........................

Date.......................

This machine is on exhibition at A. J. Pemberton & Co.'s Book and Music House

Every new subscriber to the Fayetteville Observer, and every paid up subscriber on the books April 1st, is entitled to 5 votes independently of the coupons.

The Trinity Church Sunday School Excursionists from Durham arrived on time Friday and were immediately taken in hand by their Methodist brethren in this city and entertained by them royally. Bountiful refreshments were served in the church yard, and numerous pleasures gotten up for the benefit of these clever Durham folk. Durham sent a base-ball team, no doubt to wage battle with that crack Fayetteville team of which everybody heard so much last season, but alas, that team of amateur giants is a thing of sweet memory only, the Fayetteville Base Ball Club not having re-organized this season. So a scrub team of young boys was gotten together, but they didn't interest the Durhamites a little bit. Altogether, we think our Durham friends spent a very pleasant day.

Mr. Emmett Guy, 18 years of age, son of Mr. Amos Guy, after an illness of a few weeks with typhoid fever died yesterday (Wednesday) at 12 o'clock, at the home of Mr. Thomas Hall in Cedar Creek township.

We extend our sympathy to the bereaved relatives.

Vote of Counties in Congressional and Judicial Conventions.

According to the Democratic plan of organization each county is entitled, in the district convention, to 1 vote for each 50 votes cast for the Democratic candidate for Governor in the last preceding gubernatorial election and one vote for a fraction of 25 such votes. Below we give Governor Carr's vote in the various counties of the Third Congressional district and Seventh Judicial district, and the vote each county will be entitled to in the conventions of these districts:

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties.	Vote for Gov.	Vote in Con.
Craven,	1,483	30
Cumberland,	2,389	48
Duplin,	1,502	30
Jones,	659	13
Sampson,	1,370	27
Moore,	1,693	34
Harnett,	1,242	25
Bladen,	1,292	26
Onslow,	1,177	24
Tototal vote in convention,		257
Necessary to nominate under majority rule,		129

SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Counties.	Vote for Gov.	Vote in Con.
Anson,	1,562	31
Bladen,	1,292	26
Brunswick,	767	15
Columbus,	1,618	32
Cumberland,	2,389	48
Moore,	1,693	34
Richmond,	1,740	35
Robeson,	2,270	45
Total vote in convention,		266
Necessary to nominate, 134.		

The Congressional convention, as stated elsewhere, is called to meet at Dunn on the 19th of July.

So far as announced, Mr. Grady, of Duplin, the present incumbent, Mr. Shaw, of this county, Capt. Kenan, of Duplin, and Mr. Simmons, of Craven, are candidates for the nomination.

The Judicial convention, which is for the nomination of a Solicitor, has been called to meet at Fayetteville August 1st. Every county in the district, except Anson and Brunswick, has a candidate for this position, as follows: H. L. Cook, of Cumberland; J. D. Shaw, Jr., of Richmond; N. A. McLean, of Robeson; W. C. Douglas, of Moore; David Lewis, of Columbus; C. C. Lyon, of Bladen.

Bon Voyage to you Boys.

The L. M. A. Band—16 strong under the admirable leadership of Capt. D. F. Wemyss—left yesterday on the Wilson Short Cut for Morehead City where they go to play for the Teachers Assembly. The boys who will be gone for two weeks will be entertained by the Assembly and are sure to have a great time.

The Secret of Good Government at the University.

Raleigh News and Observer.

The special committee appointed by Gov. Carr to investigate the condition and government of the University made their report at the recent Commencement. The committee was composed of Rev. J. L. Stewart, of Clinton, chairman, D. G. Worth, Esq., of Wilmington, Lieut. Gov. R. A. Daughton, Judge W. T. Faircloth, and R. T. Gray, Esq., of Raleigh. They say.

"After careful inquiry and investigation the committee confidently believe that at no peroid in the history of the University has the general department of the students been better or their habits of study more commendable. In this connection it gives the committee great pleasure to say that drunkenness has almost entirely disappeared. They were assured by a number of persons of extensive observation that they had not seen a case of it for years. It seems to the committee that these good results comes chiefly from three causes.

1. The Character of the University Government.

2. The influence, direct or indirect of inter-collegiate games.

3. The influence of the Young Men's Christian Association.

The government of the University seeks to influence the student to govern himself by appealing to his sense of right and to his ambition for a fair name, discarding espionage in all its phases. Such influences must tend to the development of a high type of character; and, in the judgment of the committee, have resulted in the good order now prevalent.

In regard to the effect of the inter collegiate games upon the habits of study and order, some of the committee had entertained grave doubts as to whether such effect was wholesome. Perhaps this view extensively prevails in the State. Upon mature reflection and an investigation as extensive as could under the circumstances be given to the matter, the committee now fully endorse the "wisdom of the introduction and encouragement of these exercises."

In regard to the financial management the committee say: "The books of the Bursar have been faithfully and accurately kept. No evidence of extravagance or mismanagement appears."

Resolutions of Thanks by Hay Street M. E. Sunday School.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
SUNDAY MORNING, June 17, '94.

By a vote of the School the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

First—That the thanks of Hay Street M. E. Sunday School be tendered to Maj. Yerex for the L. M. A. Band and to the Band themselves for the delightful music furnished us on the occasion of the visit of the Durham Sunday School on the 15th inst., and to the Ladies' Aid Society of Hay Street M. E. Church for their kind services in preparing our Rooms for the reception of our guests.

Second—That a copy of these resolutions be sent to Maj. Yerex, and to the L. M. A. Band and the Ladies' Aid Society, and a copy furnished our town papers with request to publish.

JNO. J. POWERS
Secretary.

MARRIED.

REMSBURG—EDWARDS.—At the residence of the bride's brother, Fayetteville, N. C., June 19th, 1894, Mr. EUGENE L. REMSBURG and Miss JANIE B. EDWARDS, both of this city, Rev. J. H. Edwards officiating.

The bridal presents were numerous and very handsome.

Mr. and Mrs. Remsburg took the evening train for a sojourn at Morehead City.

THORNTON—RUSSELL.—In Fayetteville, on the 20th inst., at the residence of the officiating minister, Rev. J. H. Edwards, Mr. SAMUEL THORNTON and Miss JENNIE RUSSELL.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg; doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son, Drug Store.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

Again has the Angel of Death invaded the ranks of Pythianism and removed from our midst our beloved brother CHAS. H. CALAIS, who died at his home in this city Monday afternoon, the 11th inst.

Resolved, That in the death of brother Calais the order has lost a worthy exponent of the tenets of Pythianism—"Friendship, Charity and Benevolence," and Cumberland Lodge, of which he was so long a member, sustains the loss of one whose genial nature was a ray of sunshine to the rugged path of life, and who was ever faithful to the call of duty.

Resolved, That a page in our records be inscribed to his memory, a chair in the Castle Hall be draped and the usual badge of mourning be worn for thirty days by our members.

Resolved, That we extend to the grief-stricken family our condolence and sympathy. Acknowledging the goodness of God in His dealings with men we would commend them to this Heavenly source for comfort and consolation.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the widow of our deceased brother and also to the "Fayetteville Observer" and "N. C. Baptist," requesting that they be published.

W. C. HOLLAND,
R. G. HAIGH,
G. G. MYROVER,
Committee.

IN MEMORIAM.

At a meeting of the Vestry of St John's Church, Fayetteville. N. C., held on the 15th day of June, 1894, relative to the death of SAMUEL J. HINSDADE, Esq., late Senior Warden of the Parish, the following Resolutions were unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

Resolved, That we have heard with deep sorrow of the death, which occurred yesterday, of our esteemed friend and brother, Samuel J. Hinsdale, for more than twenty years, Senior Warden of this Parish.

Resolved, That in his death, the Church has lost a devoted son; our Parish has lost a faithful officer; and the community a valuable citizen.

Resolved, That the chancel be draped in mourning on occasion of the funeral, and that we will attend in a body.

Resolved, That we tender our sincere sympathy in their bereavement to the family of the deceased.

The Secretary will convey a copy of these proceedings to Mrs. Hinsdale—and will furnish a copy to the "Fayetteville Observer," with the request to publish the same.

Now Try This.

It will cost you nothing, and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing, and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense, and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store. Large size 50c. and $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A FULL LINE OF TOILET SOAPS, embracing new and popular as well as the old, reputable styles. For sale by
H. R. HORNE.

HAIR, TOOTH AND NAIL BRUSHES; Dressing Combs; Fine Combs. A full assortment. For sale by H. R. HORNE.

EXCELLENT TEAS—fresh. For sale by H. R. HORNE.

EUREKA MINERAL WATER.—Leave your orders at A. J. COOK & Co's.

MR. J. C. HUSKE, JR., representing Daniel & Clark offers a nice CHINA TEA SET to the firm in North Carolina buying the largest amount of Tobacco during the year 1894.

J. C. HUSKE, Agent for the HAPPY VALLEY VINEYARD WINE. Orders received at J. H. Robinson, Jr.'s Furniture Store. Good native wine one dollar a gallon.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND CELEBRATION ON 4TH OF JULY!

Let Everybody Come!!

Preparations are being made for a grand celebration on July the 4th. The merchants and business men of this city are subscribing liberally. Mr. T. H. McLean will be master of ceremonies and will have several hundred assistant marshals. Preparations are being made throughout the county by the farmers to feed 5,000 people. Mr. Z. T. Kivett, first assistant of Cumberland and chief marshal of the Harnett county contingent, was here on the 19th making arrangements for regalia for assistants, together with badges, banners, &c. Two thousand banners will be prepared, with many thousand badges, for parade. Heads of committees from every township will meet here on the 23rd to complete the arrangements and make a grand success of the celebration. Speakers from a distance will be here, and a grand time is anticipated. The Agricultural Society have tendered the managers of the festivities the use of the Fair Grounds.

WANTED.

—IN ORDER TO—

INTRODUCE OUR WORK

AND SECURE AGENTS EVERYWHERE,

—WE WILL—

dye a coat, vest or pants

for any one in the United States free of charge.

In sending goods by return mail, please send stamps for return postage. Address

HARRISS STEAM DYE WORKS,
314 South Blount Street,
June 21, 1894—3m Raleigh, N. C.

LIDDELL COMPANY,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

FURNISH ALL THE

Fixtures for a Modern Ginnery.

COTTON PRESSES

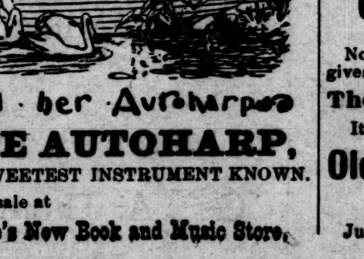
IN PRICES RANGING FROM $80 TO $375.

They Sell More Cotton Presses

than any concern in America.

Their ENGINES and BOILERS are especially adapted to this section.

A SUMMER SIREN



and her Autoharp

THE AUTOHARP,

THE SWEETEST INSTRUMENT KNOWN.

For sale at

Moore's New Book and Music Store.

AN OPPORTUNITY

—TO—

VISIT the MOUNTAINS!

A Pleasant Family Excursion from Newbern, Wilmington and Fayetteville to Mt. Airy, over the C. F. & Y. V. Ry June 26, 1894.

Fare for Round Trip from Fayetteville only ($2.50) Two Dollars and Fifty Cents.

Train leaves Fayetteville 1:10 P. M. Tuesday, June 26th.

The management have arranged with hotels and liverymen for special reduced rates. The party can take in Blue Ridge, White Sulphur Springs, Devil's Den, Pilot Mountain and Mitchell's Peak, and enjoy the bracing mountain air.

Returning: Train will leave Mt. Airy 7 A. M. June 29th, and reach Fayetteville 2:15 P. M.

For further information and tickets apply to G. W. LAKE, Agent C. F. & Y. V. Ry.

BERRY GLEAVES,
June 21, 1894—1t MANAGER.

TREASURER'S REPORT,

TOWN OF HOPE MILLS.

MAY, 1894.

RECEIPTS.

Balance,	$ 7 33	
Fines collected,	10 00	
Taxes collected,	345 71	
		$363 04

EXPENDITURES.

Streets, ditches and bridges,	$151 62	
Police service,	69 80	
Listing taxes and Attorney fees,	14 00	
Sundry expenses,	33 40	
		$268 82
Balance in hands of Treasurer,		$ 94 22

D. C. ROGERS, Treasurer.

Approved by
MAT. MORGAN,
JAMES H. JOHNSON,
W. D. CAMPBELL,
Auditing Committee.

Executors' Notice.

The undersigned having qualified as Executors of the last will and testament of Samuel J. Hinsdale, deceased, hereby give notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same to them on or before the 21st day of June, 1895

J. W. HINSDALE,
JAS. C. MACRAE,
June 19, 1894—6t Executors.

For Sale.

The well known fast travelling Pony (John) with Road Cart, Harness and Riding Saddle.

Apply to DAVID GIBB, Wicker's P. O., N. C., or to CHAS GLOVER, Fayetteville, N. C.

M. N. RAYNOR. J. W. SHAW.

RAYNOR & SHAW,

GROCERS,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

OUR DISPLAY OF

Fine, Fresh, Fancy Groceries

is pleasing to the beholder as well as affording satisfaction to the inner man. Orders from abroad promptly filled. We are prepared to handle any amount of

COUNTRY PRODUCE—

CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, BACON, &c., &c.,

and will strive to merit a portion of your patronage.

RAYNOR & SHAW.

The Constitution Missing Word Contest.

After the Constitution had footed up the guesses in the Missing Word Contest for May, it was found that 813 subscribers sent in guesses with their subscriptions, and out of this number not a single correct guess.

The sentence was:

"The five hundred pounds of gold which he had received in exchange for his treasure had been conveyed to the hiding place in the ——— field."

The missing word was MUSTARD.

The fourth of $813 is $203.25 If one subscriber had guessed the correct word he would have received $203 25 simply for the trouble of guessing.

The Constitution has a sentence for this month which is:

"Patiently, with the dark lantern closed and hid under his arm, he waited behind a ragged rock in the crevice next to the clothes for the ——— to return."

Let everybody not a subscriber send in their subscription, together with their guess to the OBSERVER, Fayetteville.

Remember, two papers, the *Constitution* and the OBSERVER one year only two dollars.

NIMOCKS & COOK,

INSURANCE

of every kind.

Fayetteville, N. C.

Jun 7, 1894.

Pianos!

Organs!!

Ivers and Pond

—AND—

LESTER PIANOS,

WILCOX AND WHITE ORGANS,

SOLD FOR CASH OR INSTALLMENT PLAN.

For Organs $10.00 Cash and $5.00 Monthly.

—CALL AND EXAMINE THESE—

INSTRUMENTS.

A. J PEMBERTON & CO.'S

Book and Music House.

ORDERS BY MAIL WILL RECEIVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION.

OLD RIP TOBACCO.

No more Buckets, Pocket Knives or Pipes given away, but what is better,

The Price has been Reduced.

It will pay you to see us before you buy

Old Rip Plug Tobacco.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.

June 7, 1894—4t

SUMMER EXCURSIONS.

--OLD DOMINION LINE--

For New York

Leaving Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va., Daily *except* Friday and Sunday, at 7.00 P.M.

From Richmond, Va., Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday, at 5 00 P. M. (Via James River.)

The ships of the Old Dominion Steamship Co., are first-class and especially arranged for the comfort of the traveling public and offer the advantages of a cool and delightful sea trip.

All first-class tickets include meals and stateroom accommodation.

The two new fast and powerful steamships

Jamestown and Yorktown

Leave Norfolk every Monday, Thursday and Saturday evening, arriving in New York early following afternoon in time to make all evening connections for points beyond.

For tickets and general information apply to Railroad Ticket Agents, or to G. W. Allen & Co., 1301 Main st., Richmond, Va., M B Crowell, Norfolk, Va., J. N. Smith, Hygeia Hotel, Old Point Comfort, Va., or to W. L. GUILLAUDEU, Vice-Pres. & Traffic Manager.

General offices of Company, Pier 26, N. R. (foot of Beach st.) New York.

June 14, 1894 10t

CAROLINA BEACH.

The Popular Summer Resort on the N. C. Coast.

THE STEAMER "CLARENCE," CAPT. JNO. S SELLERS, is running regularly to Carolina Beach, on the following schedule—

Leave Wilmington,	9:45 a m.	2:00 p. m.
Leave Carolina Beach,	12:00 m.	6:00 p. m.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE,

Leave Wilmington,	10:00 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.
Leave Carolina Beach,	12:30 p m. and 7:00 p. m.

Fare for round trip 35 cents. On Sunday 25 cts. Fare to Pier and back on all boats 20 cents.

Information as to Excursions or accommodations at the Beach can be obtained from the Captain on board, or by addressing H. A. KURE,
June 7, 1894. Wilmington, N. C.

"Clyde Line,"

VIA WILMINGTON, N. C.

NEW YORK CITY, 25th May, 1894.

Rates of freight from New York City to Points named—Effective May 28th, 1894:

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Wilmington, N. C.,	25	20	17	14	12	10
Fayetteville, N. C., via C. F. River St'mers,	25	20	20	20	18	15
Raleigh, N. C.,	63	53	42	35	32	25
Charlotte, N. C.,	68	59	50	41	37	30

THEO. G. EGER, T. M.

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION

NORTH CAROLINA, } Superior Court,
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. } Clerk's Office.

Notice is hereby given of the incorporation of the Leavitt Land and Lumber Company; that the names of the incorporators are: John H. Leavitt, Eugene Leavitt and Chas. M. Whittlock, and such others as they may associate with them; that the principal place of business shall be in Leavitt, N. C., and its general purpose and business to be the manufacturing, buying and selling of lumber; buying and selling general supplies; buying and selling land; and the cultivation, buying and selling of fruit, vines and fruit trees; that the duration of the corporation shall be thirty years; the capital stock is $20,000, and shall be divided in Four hundred shares of the par value of Fifty dollars.

This June 11th, 1894.

CHAS. G. CAIN, C. S. C.

To Contractors.

Sealed bids for digging a canal in Gum Log Swamp in Flea Hill Township will be received by the undersigned till July 2, 1894, at 12 o'clock M. The work requires the removal of about 25,680 cubic yards of earth, and will be let in part, or as a whole.

Profile and specifications may be seen at the office of A. A. McKethan in Fayetteville, with whom bids may be deposited. The committee reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

W. J. McPHAIL,
J. A. McLAURIN,
T. A. GEDDIE,
June 14- 3t Committee.

A PRESSURE OF DEMAND REQUIRES

OUR STOCK

KEPT UP OF

FANCY:-: GROCERIES,

SUCH AS

FAT MACKEREL,

GILT - EDGE - BUTTER,

Plantation Java Coffee,

BEST FLOUR,

Standard Canned Goods,

—AND—

Fancy Cakes and Crackers.

Royster's Fine Candies just Received,

A. S. HUSKE, Ag't.

H. H. H.

We will make some exceedingly low prices on

O. G. DOORS,

slightly soiled. We are clearing our warehouse for new car load

Sash, Doors and Blinds,

and will offer some bargains for a few days.

EVERY FARMER

who runs two-horse crop should have a

WOOD'S MOWER.

Call and see us.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

The Ætna Insurance Co.

—HAS—

TEN MILLION EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IN ASSETS.

When you pay your money for Fire Insurance get the best.

B. R. HUSKE, Ag't.

Attention!

Attention!!

TO THE NEW MEAT MARKET BELOW J. A. BURNS & CO.'S CLOTHING STORE,

—where you will find—

FRESH BEEF, MUTTON and RICHMOND SAUSAGE DAILY.

WE ALSO HANDLE CHICKENS, EGGS AND ALL COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Our motto is cleanliness and prompt attention to orders.

Goods delivered free anywhere in the city.

Orders solicited.

Respectfully,
VANN & NEWBERRY.

New Spring Clothing.

A HANDSOME STOCK

JUST OPENED!

I HAVE SELECTED A STOCK OF

Gents' Clothing

—FOR THE—

Spring Season

that challenges the admiration of every one and I am selling them at prices

Unprecedentedly Low.

My motto for this year is,

"Quick Sales and Small Profits."

I appreciate the fact that money is exceedingly scarce, and that every man will want to buy his

Spring and Summer Wear

for as little money as possible, and I have determined that

No One Shall Undersell Me!

Those who have so generously patronized me in the past may have an opportunity of selecting a

Suit from this Season's Stock

guaranteed to give satisfaction, both as to the quality and the price, if they will call at once. My stock has been ordered

From the Most Reliable Manufacturers,

and I will sell no article that I cannot recommend. I do not deal in Clothing exclusively, but keep in stock

Every Article of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

usually found in a first-class, well-furnished

CLOTHING HOUSE:

CLOTHING, UNDERWEAR,
SHOES, HATS,
NECK TIES,

and every other article for use and ornamentation peculiar to the

CLOTHING TRADE.

Don't wait until the stock has been picked over, but come in right away and select your suit, and if you can't pay for it now, have it put aside for you.

Yours truly,

H. R. NOVITZKY.

D. A. McMILLAN,

44 South Person Street,

still in favor of the "nimble sixpence" of fifty years ago to the "slow shilling" of to-day, has in store a large and complete stock of

STAPLE

—AND—

Fancy Groceries,

to which special attention as to Quality and Price is invited.

FLOUR—ALL GRADES;
SUGARS, TEAS, SYRUPS AND MOLASSES;
BACON SIDES, HAMS & SHOULDERS;
CANNED GOODS IN ENDLESS VARIETY;
CRACKERS, CANDIES and PICKLES;
DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED FRUITS, NUTS, RAISINS, &c.

IRONSTONE CHINA,

both heavy and light.

—ALSO—

Glassware, Lamp Goods, Looking Glasses, Tin Chamber Sets, Fancy Earthen Chamber Sets, Tea Trays; a large lot of Tinware especially for wholesale trade.

D. A. McMILLAN.

The Craze.

Sterling Silver

Link Sleeve Buttons

FOR SUMMER WEAR.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE LINE IN

Sterling Silver,

GOLD

—AND—

ROLLED GOLD PLATE,

Ladies' Blouse Buttons,

Sterling Silver

Belt Buckles.

Warren Prior & Son.

ADMIRAL CIGARETTES

ARE STILL POPULAR.

THEY ARE NOT MADE BY

A TRUST.

Opera Lights Cigarettes

ARE THE BEST MADE.

You Should Try Them.

At

A. J. COOK & CO.'S

DRUG STORE.

FURNITURE! FUNITURE!

BEAUTIFUL and ELEGANT'

AND AT THE LOWEST PRICES EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.

Call and get prices and examine my goods before buying.

Suits with Cheval and Plain Dressers,
Beds, Bureaus,
Washstands, Springs,
Mattresses, Tables,
Safes, Lounges,
Rockers and Strait Chairs
Hall Racks, &c. &c.

CALL OR WRITE FOR PRICES.

Respectfully,

JNO. H. ROBINSON, JR.

D. R. HUFFINES,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

AGENT AND BOTTLER OF THE

Robert Portner Brewery Company's

Celebrated Lager Beer

—IN—

KEGS, EXPORT

—OR—

PATENT BOTTLES,

AND MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

SOFT DRINKS,

WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY.

ALL ORDERS FROM ABROAD PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Rough Bicycle Test.

"Mr Geo. Fitzsimmons, accompanied by Mr. J. C. Wood, of the Gormully & Jeffery Manufacturing Company, of Washington, D. C., rode from this city to High Point, yesterday, and back, a distance of thirty miles over the R. & D. R. R. The ride was made to test a new bicycle of very light weight. The machine stood the rough jolting over the ties and trestles without a scratch."

The above was taken from the Greensboro Record. Mr. Fitzsimmons has sold nearly 25 Ramblers this season, and has ordered a new No. 9 Rambler Racer. The wheel above referred to was a 26 pound Rambler, No. 8. Do you ride a Rambler?

If not, call at A. J. Pemberton & Co.'s and examine the beautiful copper rim Ramblers. Price $125.00—all styles. To good parties we will sell on time.

The "Ideal" Bicycles.

We now carry a line of cheaper bicycles, the "Ideal."

Light Roadster, M. and W. tires, price $75.
G. and J. attachable corrugated tires $85
Combination Ideals $50, $60 and $75. Boys $40, $50, $60 and $65.

We have a cheap line of cushion tire boy's and girl's wheels at $15 to $40.

A. J. PEMBERTON & CO.

STIEFF PIANOS. STIEFF PIANOS. STIEFF PIANOS. STIEFF PIANOS. STIEFF PIANOS. STIEFF PIANOS. STIEFF PIANOS. STIEFF PIANOS. STIEFF PIANOS. STIEFF PIANOS.

B SURE
TO CALL AT
SHAW'S MUSIC HOUSE
when in the city,
where you will find a large and well selected stock of PIANOS and ORGANS for cash or monthly payments. Agent for the celebrated C. M. Stieff Piano. Tuning done in town for $2.00.
A. E. SHAW.

NOTICE.

HAVING JUST ENLARGED MY STOCK OF

MATERIALS,

I AM NOW BETTER PREPARED THAN EVER BEFORE TO DO MY

WORK PROMPTLY.

SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED.

I HAVE ALSO RECEIVED A NICE LINE OF Ladies and Gents Watches and Chains.

Respectfully,

M. A. TILLER,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler,
Next door to Rose & Leak, Fayetteville, N. C.

Notice of Sale under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain deed of mortage, executed by Robert Fowler and wife, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County in Book "T," No. 4, Page 431, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz:

About 556 acres of land on the C. F. & Y. V. Ry and Cross Creek, about 7 miles from Fayetteville, and known as "The Hollingsworth Land," or "Fowler Land," and bounded as in the above-recited mortgage.

Place of sale: Court House in Fayetteville, N. C.
Time of sale: Monday, July 7th, 1894, at 12 o'clock.
Terms of sale: Cash.

N. W. RAY, Atty.

June 7, 1894.

FOR SALE.—A case, complete, of *Humphrey's Specific Homeopathic Remedies.* Address "Specific," care of the Observer.

An Interesting Interview with Lt. Atkinson.

News and Observer.]

We yesterday had the pleasure of a call from Lieut. James W. Atkinson, of Fayetteville, who was color bearer in the 33d N. C. Troops, Lane's Brigade, and who served during the entire war. Calling to mind the published account of Col. Tate's remarks on the laying of the corner stone the other day, he said that the Colonel in his reference to the battle of Reams' Station had omitted to mention that Lane's Brigade was in that notable engagement. He said he was quite sure Lane's Brigade was there, for he remembered an incident or two of that occasion. He was bearing the colors of the 33d and in the dusk of the evening as he pushed forward, with the colors in his hand and jumped over the Yankee breastworks, he observed a Federal officer, who appeared to be of high rank, but who he was, he did not know.

Although he had the colors in his hand, he made for the officer, who turned away, and so Atkinson was just able to grab his coat tail, which slipped out of his hand. The Federal officer was none other than the famous Gen. W. S. Hancock, the hardest fighter in the Federal army, and whom Atkinson afterwards had the satisfaction of voting for for President. He has recollections of other incidents connected with that fight that impresses on his memory the fact that he was there along with Lane's Brigade.

Another incident he tells connected with that battle is this: McRae's Brigade was on the right of Lane's and did splendid fighting, capturing a lot of guns and about 1,300 prisoners. One of the prisoners taken was the gallant General Francis Walker, then Adjutant General of Hancock's corps, and since the war the Superintendent of the Census. He was captured by Captain William E. Kyle, now the clever and efficient passenger agent of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad at Fayetteville. General Walker had on a nice black slouch hat with a fancy black plume in it, and Capt. Kyle's old rebel wool hat was much the worse for wear. And so the Captain, with a great show of politeness, proposed to the General to swap, and the exchange was made without much ado or bickering on either side.

Gen. Walker, along with some other persons was ten days later corralled in a tobacco house, and he managed to make his escape and take leg bail. That night he took off his clothes and jumped into the river expecting to swim on down to Grant's line lower down the stream. But unhappily for him, he brought up in a little cove on the other side of the river, where Col. Hector McKethan, of Fayetteville, commanding the 51st N. C. Regiment, had his headquarters right on the river bank. When Gen. Walker found himself captured again, minus his clothes, he was in a forlorn state. He was taken, accoutred as he was, to Gen. Hoke's headquarters, where they found great difficulty in getting some clothes to fit him.

Cotton Mills in Egypt.

In Consular Report 162, lately issued, is a report on this subject by Frederic C. Penfield, U. S. Consul General at Cairo, in which he says:

The success which has attended the establishment of mills in the United States and other countries in the neighborhood of cotton fields has suggested to capitalists the practicability of trying the experiment in Egypt of fabricating the native cotton to clothe the people of the country. A company is forming with English and local capital to establish at Cairo a factory of about 18,000 ring spindles and 500 looms of the newest and most approved make, and if the venture prospers, it is proposed to establish mills at Alexandria and other points.

The Cairo factory will be under English management, and will be equal in many respects, it is promised, to the most modern and best equipped factories in England. An authorization for the undertaking has been granted by the Egyptian government, and assurances have been given that every encouragement will be afforded the new industry.

The demand for cotton cloth in Egypt is large and constantly increasing, while Cairo is a distributing point not only for Upper and Lower Egypt, but also for the supply of cotton goods to the adjacent countries. Egyptian cotton, both brown and white, is well known to be of excellent quality and can be delivered in Cairo at a much lower price than in England; the rate of wages is also much lower. The Egyptian work men are clever and easily taught, and the supply of suitable labor is ample.

75,000 Miles of Postage Stamps.

Blue and Gray.

Last year's issue of postage stamps was, in round figures, four thousand million. If these had all been of the Columbian size they would have been sufficient to make a ribbon long enough to encircle the earth three times, with something of a remainder. The postal cards used during the same period, if placed end to end, would put a paper girdle around the earth more than a dozen times.

It may not be generally known that Uncle Sam prints one postage stamp that is not for sale, i. e., the second-class matter stamp. This stamp, new or canceled, never passes out of the hands of the post office officials. Postage on periodicals is prepared by the pound, in cash, and the receiving clerks cancels these special stamps to the value of the postage thus prepaid, and afterwards send the canceled stamps to the department as vouchers.

One of Vance's Jokes.

Kate Field's Washington.]

Vance used to say that his liveliest campaign for the Governorship of North Carolina was that in which Judge Settle ran against him. They stumped the State in joint debate. All the white Democrats turned out to hear Vance, and all the colored Republicans to hear Settle. On one occasion, at the conclusion of the speaking, Vance was informed that there were some charming young ladies who desired to testify their devotion to the Democratic party by kissing the Democratic candidate for Governor. Nothing loath, Vance descended from the platform and kissed a dozen or so of the young beauties, and then paused long enough to turn around toward his competitor and shouted: "Settle, I'm kissing my girls; now you kiss yours!"

Inspecting Emigrants.

One of the surgeons sent abroad by the United States to inspect intending emigrants at European ports says that the knowledge of such inspection by the United States made the steamship companies extremely careful as to the sort of steerage passengers they accepted. He inspected fifteen thousand passengers and detained but two, while on this side not a single one of those who came under his inspection was excluded from this country.

The National Yellowstone Park, which is situated in three States, Wyoming, Montana and Idaho, comprises 3,575 square miles and is the largest park in the world.

You Can't Get Rich

by gaining the $500 reward offered by Dr. R. V. Pierce to any person finding a mineral poison or injurious drug in his "Pleasant Pellets"—for there's no such thing in them. But you can get well—and health is the first step towards fortune—by taking the "Pellets" whenever troubled with biliousness, constipation, indigestion, jaundice and other derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels.

P. P. P.

PRICKLY ASH, POKE ROOT AND POTASSIUM

Makes Marvelous Cures in Blood Poison Rheumatism and Scrofula

Pimples, Blotches and Old Sores Catarrh, Malaria and Kidney Troubles

Are entirely removed by P.P.P.

—Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium, the greatest blood purifier on earth.

ABERDEEN, O., July 21, 1891.
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: DEAR SIRS—I bought a bottle of your P. P. P. at Hot Springs, Ark., and it has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs. Send three bottles C. O. D.
Respectfully yours,
JAS. M. NEWTON,
Aberdeen, Brown County, O.

Capt. J. D. Johnston.

To all whom it may concern: I hereby testify to the wonderful properties of P. P. P. for eruptions of the skin. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. I tried every known remedy but in vain, until P. P. P. was used, and am now entirely cured.
(Signed by) J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga.

Skin Cancer Cured.

Testimony from the Mayor of Sequin, Tex.

SEQUIN, TEX., January 14, 1893.
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: *Gentlemen*—I have tried your P. P. P. for a disease of the skin, usually known as skin cancer, of thirty years' standing, and found great relief; it purifies the blood and removes all irritation from the seat of the disease and prevents any spreading of the sores. I have taken five or six bottles and feel confident that another course will effect a cure. It has also relieved me from indigestion and stomach troubles. Yours truly,
CAPT. W. M. RUST,
Attorney at Law.

Book on Blood Diseases Mailed Free.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT.

LIPPMAN BROS.
PROPRIETORS,
Lippman's Block, Savannah, Ga

For sale by BURWELL & DUNN, Wholesale Druggists, Charlotte, N. C., and RICHARDSON & FARISS, Greensboro, N. C.

Save your Hogs and Chickens.

NO HUMBUG!

We offer you a sure Hog and Chicken Cholera Cure.

[Trade Mark.]

MANUFACTURED BY NEWBERRY & CO.

This is no patent medicine, but one that has never been known to fail when given in time and by the directions.

We offer to return the money if it proves to be misrepresented.

Try one bottle and convince yourself that you have at last found the very medicine you have been wanting for many years. Sold by

B. E. SEDBERRY & SON,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

CURES CONSUMPTIVE
Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain. Take in time. 50 cts.
HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. 15c. at all R. R. & Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

6-14-94 4t

HIRES' Rootbeer
makes the home drink complete. This great Temperance drink gives pleasure and health to 50 [illegible] member of the family. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Be sure and get the genuine. Sold everywhere. Made only by
The Chas. E. Hires Co., Philada.
Send 2c stamp for Cards and Book.

6-14-94 4t

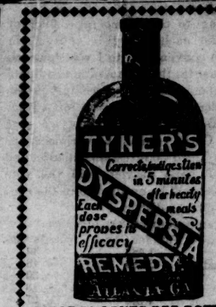
Can You Read The Future?

Do you know what your condition will be 20 years hence? Will your earning capacity be equal to the support of yourself and family? This is a serious question, yet, you could confidently answer "yes" if you had a twenty-years Tontine Policy in the

Equitable Life

A method which guarantees all the protection furnished by any kind of life insurance, and in addition the largest cash returns to those policyholders whose lives are prolonged, and who then need money rather than assurance. For facts and figures, address

W. J. RODDEY, Manager,
For the Carolinas,
ROCK HILL, S. C.



General or local Agents $75 Ladies or gents a week. Exclusive territory. The Rapid Stitch Washer. Washes all the dishes for a family in one minute. Washes, rinses and dries them without wetting the hands. You push the button, the machine does the rest. Brisk, pent boy clothes, and cheerful wives. No rubbing fingers nor cracked hands or aching backs. No broken dishes, glasses, chinaware. Durable, warranted. Circulars free.
W. P. HARRISON & Co., New Rochelle, N. Y.

NOTICE.

Ladies' and Children's DRESSES, CLOAKS, SHAWLS, &c., dyed any color desired at reasonable prices. All work guaranteed. Will call on all ladies wishing work done upon notice.

MRS. M. JUDGE, Gillespie St.

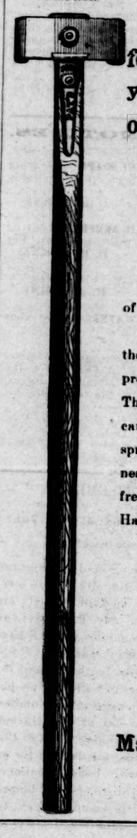
POE & CO.,
BRICK & TILE MANUFACTURERS,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Papers for Sale.

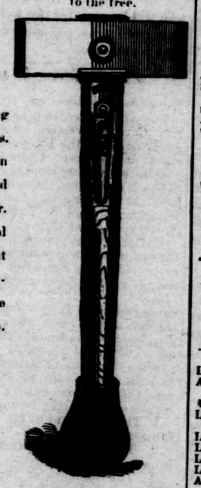
Old papers for sale at the OBSERVER OFFICE at 20 cents per hundred.

These Tools Last for Years. Try one and you will never use any other.

Watson's Patent Puller. To be used handle side to the tree.



To be used handle side to the tree.



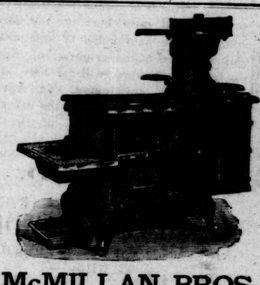
Four complete Tools in one—a saving of 50 per cent. to the users of these Tools.

This new style of tools have been thoroughly tested the past season and proved to be perfect in every particular. The blades are bolted on the handles and can never get loose. They cut without springing and will cut through any thickness of bark, leaving a shade over the fresh cut from two to three inches deep. Handled ready for use.

WALTER WATSON,

Manufacturer of TURPENTINE TOOLS.

Fayetteville, N. C.



SHEPPARD'S EXCELSIOR COOK STOVES
MADE FROM PURE PIG IRON
Not one pound of Scrap Iron is ever used in these goods.
DURABLE, CONVENIENT and ECONOMICAL
All Modern Improvements to Lighten Housekeeping Cares.
Twenty different sizes and kinds.
Every Stove Warranted Against Defects.
Prices not much higher at this time than on commoner kinds of Stoves.
Call on or address

McMILLAN BROS., Fayetteville, N. C.

—THE—
Bank : of : Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
Does - a - General - Banking - Business.
RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK.
Collects Notes and Drafts
Payable here and at all Banking Points in North Carolina,
AT REASONABLE CHARGES,
and remits promptly for all collections.
CAPITAL STOCK, - - $300,000.00
☞ No deposits received on interest.
H. W. LILLY, President,
R. P. BUXTON, Vice Pres't.,
J. C. HAIGH, JR., Cashier.
Fayetteville, N. C.

CAPE FEAR RIVER STEAMERS

Steamer Murchison,
Leaves Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays.
☞ First Class Passenger and Freight accommodations.
Through Bills of Lading to ALL Points.
Connects at Wilmington with the Clyde Steamship Company.
For Freight Rates and other information, apply to
W. S. COOR,
Manager.

A. B. Williams,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
Commission Merchant, Buyer of Cotton and Naval Stores, and Dealer in Hair, Lime, Plaster and Cement.

Geo. A. Thomson,
—GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT—
Life, Accident and Fire.

B B B
-BOTANIC-
BLOOD BALM.

A household remedy for all Blood and Skin diseases. Cures without fail, Scrofula, Ulcers, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Salt Rheum and every form of Blood Disease from the simplest pimple to the foulest Ulcer. Fifty years' use with unvarying success, demonstrates its paramount healing, purifying and building up virtues. One bottle has more curative virtue than a dozen of any other kind. It builds up the health and strength from the first dose.

☞ WRITE for Book of Wonderful Cures, sent free on application.

If not kept by your local druggist, send $1.00 for a large bottle, or $5.00 for six bottles, and medicine will be sent, freight paid, by

BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by
B. E. SEDBERRY & SON,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Chas. Glover,
—AUCTIONEER,—
—AND—
REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Negotiates the sale and purchase of Stocks, Bonds and other Securities.

Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills,
H. W. Lilly, President,
OFFICE FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
Manufacturers of "Lake George" 4A 4-4 Sheeting, Cotton Yarn and Batting,

---

CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RY CO
JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.
CONDENSED SCHEDULE.
In Effect Dec. 3rd, 1893.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2. Daily Except Sunday
Leave Wilmington,	7:00 a. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	10:10 "
Leave Fayetteville,	10:27 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	10:30 "
Leave Sanford,	11:48 "
Leave Climax,	1:43 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	2:15 "
Leave Greensboro,	2:55 "
Leave Stokesdale,	3:46 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	4:20 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	4:33 "
Leave Rural Hall,	5:01 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	6:25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1. Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Mt. Airy,	9:45 a. m
Leave Rural Hall,	11:06 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	11:35 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	11:43 "
Leave Stokesdale,	12:06 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	12:52 "
Leave Greensboro,	12:58 "
Leave Climax,	1:27 "
Leave Sanford,	3:12 "
Arrive Fayetteville Junction,	4:25 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	4:30 "
Leave Fayetteville,	4:45 "
Arrive Wilmington,	7:55 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Bennettsville,	6:25 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	7:37 "
Leave Red Springs,	8:17 "
Leave Hope Mills,	9:12 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	9:35 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Fayetteville,	4:50 p. m.
Leave Hope Mills,	5:13 "
Leave Red Springs,	6:08 "
Leave Maxton,	6:47 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	8:00 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 14. Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Rameur,	6:50 a. m.
Leave Climax,	8:40 "
Arrive Greensboro,	9:25 "
Leave Greensboro,	9:40 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11:00 "
Arrive Madison	11:50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12:30 p. m
Leave Stokesdale,	1:05 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2:35 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:00 "
Leave Climax,	3:55 "
Arrive Rameur,	5:35 "

Trains No. 2 and 4 make close connection at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and Walnut Cove with the N. & W. System for Winston Salem.

Train No. 16 connects at Madison with N. & W. for Roanoke and points West.

Train No. 1 makes close connection at Fayetteville Junction with Atlantic Coast Line for Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, and all points South.

Junction points at Maxton with S. A. L., at Bennettsville with C. S. & N. R. R., at Sanford with S. A. L., at Greensboro with the Richmond and Danville system.

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.
J. W FRY, General Manager.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.
AND BRANCHES
AND FLORENCE RAILROAD
Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED May 13, 1894	No. 23. Daily.	No. 35. Daily.	No. 41. Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Weldon..	11 52	9 27	
Ar. Rocky Mount	1 02	10 39	
Arrive Tarboro..	2 40		
Leave Tarboro..	12 25		
Lv Rocky Mount	1 02	10 39	6 00
Leave Wilson...	2 08	11 01	
Leave Selma....	2 56		
Lv. Fayetteville	4 35	12 51	
Arrive Florence	7 25	3 00	

	No. 47 Daily.		
	P. M.		A. M.
Leave Wilson...	2 18		6 35
Leave Goldboro.	3 05		7 20
Leave Magnolia.	4 16		8 29
Ar. Wilmington.	5 50		10 00
	P. M.		A. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

DATED May 13, 1894.	No. 78. Daily.	No. 32. Daily.	No. 40. Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	
Leave Florence	7 30	7 25	
Lv. Fayetteville	10 25	9 30	
Leave Selma....	12 08		
Arrive Wilson..	1 0	11 27	
Lv. Wilmington.	9 00	7 00	
Leave Magnolia	10 40	8 33	
Leave Goldsboro	11 55	9 40	
Arrive Wilson..	12 40	10 27	

	No. 78 Daily.	No. 32 Daily.		
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Leave Wilson...	1 10	11 27	10 32	
Ar Rocky Mount	2 13	12 05	11 15	
Arrive Tarboro.	2 40			
Leave Tarboro..	12 25			
Lv Rocky Mount	2 13	12 05		
Arrive Weldon..	3 19	12 5[illegible]		
	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday ‡Daily except Sunday.

These trains carry only first-class passengers holding Pullman accommodations.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:40 P M, Halifax 4:00 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:55 P M. Greenville 6:37 P M., Kinston 7:35 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A M, Greenville 8:22 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:00 A M. Weldon 11:20 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7:00 A. M., arrives Parmele 8:40 A. M., Tarboro 9:50 A M; returning leaves Tarboro 4:40 P M, Parmele 6:10 P. M., arrives Washington 7:35 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:00 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M; arrives Plymouth 9:20 P M, 5:20 P M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily, except Sunday, 6:30 A M, Sunday 9:30 A M, arrive Tarboro 10:55 A M, and 11:45 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 6:05 A M, arriv ng Smith field 7:37 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 8:00 A M; arrive Goldsboro 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:55 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:07 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch Florence R R leave Latta 6:50 P M; arrive Dunbar 8:00 P M. Returning leave Dunbar 6:30 A M; arrive Latta 8:00 A M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 11:00 A M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 1:00 P M., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Bay Line. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk daily and all points north via Norfolk daily except Sunday.

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1878,	4,811,265	1886,	6,556,215
1879,	5,073,531	1887,	6,513,624
1880,	5,757,397	1888,	7,047,707
1881,	6 589,329	1889,	6,935 082
1882,	5,435,845	1890,	7,313,726
1883,	6,992,234	1891,	8,655,518
1884,	5,714,652	1892,	6,700,365

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